

2016 Draft Conservation Strategy

> Population Standards Updated Significantly

Habitat Standards Remained Mostly Unchanged despite Significant changes in human use of the GYE

Conservation Strategy

➤ Development of Conservation Strategy & Habitat Standards

• Began in 1993

Visitation to YNP was 2.9 million visits

2016 YNP had 4.3 million visits

Conservation Strategy

> Habitat Objectives

- 1. Reduce Human-Caused Grizzly Mortality
- 2. Reduce Access Related Disturbances

- > In 1970 (visitation 2.3 million visits)
 - 23 Human-caused Grizzly Mortality's inside YNP
 - 72% of the Human-caused Mortality's in GYE

> Obvious YNP had a Problem

- Bear-proof Infrastructure (1970)
 - Garbage Cans & Dumpsters
 - Food Storage Boxes
 - Food Storage Poles
- > Public Outreach

Enforcement of Food Storage Regulations

- > Intensive Management
 - Food Storage Patrols
 - Haze Bears from Developments & Campgrounds
 - Ungulate Carcass Management
 - Short Term Closures of Trails and Campsites

- > In 2016 (visitation 4.3 million)
 - 2 Human-caused Grizzly Mortality's inside YNP
 - 4% of the Human-caused Mortality's in GYE

- > YNP & GTNP Comprise
 - 40% of Primary Conservation Area
 - 20% of the DMA
 - 10% of Human-caused Mortality's



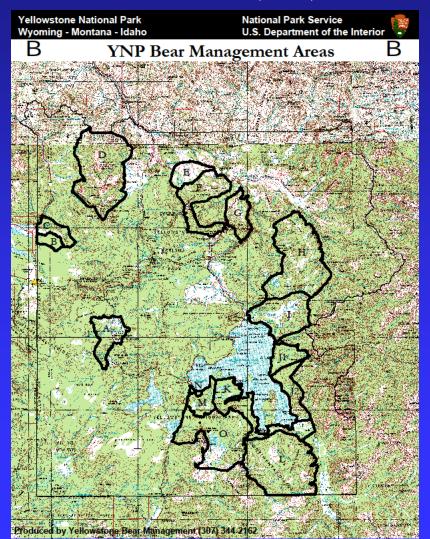
Grizzly Bear Cub Production & Mortality In Yellowstone National Park Last 24 years (1993 – 2016)

622 Cubs Counted in YNP

• 23 Human-caused Grizzly Bear Mortalities of all age classes (12 management removals 8 vehicle strike, & 3 power-line electrocution)

Reduce Access Related Disturbances

- Established Bear Management Areas in 1982
 - Restricts Access to 464,638 acres (21%) of YNP on Seasonal Basis



Modifying Habitat Standards 2017

- 1. YES Managers keep an Open Mind
- 2. Take a Closer Look at Leading Causes of Mortality
- 3. Take a Closer Look at Locations of Mortality
- 4. Develop Most Efficient Method to Address the Types and Locations of Mortality