Selkirk and Cabinet-Yaak Subcommittee Report of 2021 Accomplishments to the Interagency Grizzly Bear Committee

December 7, 2021

Zoom Meeting

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Objective 1: Augment the population

- No bears moved to Cabinet Mountains in 2021.
- 22 bears added since 1990 (14 females and 8 males).
- 4 augmentation bears (2 females and 2 males) are known to have produced offspring resulting in: 14 first gen., 22 second gen., and 4 third gen. offspring to the Cabinet mountains.

Objective 2: Limit human-caused mortality

- Some I&E resumed, but still limited due to pandemic.
- Media interviews, bear rangers, bear safety courses, hunter safety courses, landowner assistance, securing attractants, Living in Bear Country events, fair booths, and more (see rept. for details)

Objective 2: Limit human-caused mortality

No human-caused mortality documented in 2021 thus far.

Objective 3: Document pop. growth rate and distribution

- 2020* rub trees and hair corral results: 41 individuals, 14 F: 27 M. (50 in 2019)
- Captured and collared 5 additional bears in Cabinet-Yaak.
- 1.017% growth rate for Cabinet-Yaak (1983-2020).
- 13 of 22 BMUs occupied by females with young (2015-2020).

Goal 2: Connectivity to achieve occupancy standards and linkage

- 27,289 ac. Conservation Easement approved by MFWP for Stimson Lumber Co. lands SE of Libby, MT.
- Additional land assessments underway.
- Linkage zones used in land-use planning (e.g., some motorized trail closures to increase security, Lolo NF).
- USFWS monitoring bear movement and DNA data.

Goal 3: Apply results of research to habitat management

- Review of U Montana report on Pacific Northwest Trail routes and habitats.
- USFS using habitat quality maps for management decisions (e.g., Elk Lake OHV project, Kootenai NF).

Goal 4: Increase coordination with NCDE Subcommittee

No explicit 2021 accomplishments.

Objective 1: Limit human-caused mortality

- I&E still affected by pandemic.
- Virtual events increased, bear rangers, safety courses, landowner assistance, securing attractants, fair booths, and more (see rept. for details)
- IDFG, with Y-Y Conservation Initiative grant, standing up the Mount Hall waste transfer site (Boundary Co., ID)

Objective 1: Limit human-caused mortality

 No human-caused mortality documented in 2021 thus far.

Objective 2: Document pop. growth rate and distribution

- Rub trees, hair corrals, and camera traps continued in 2021.
- 2020* results: 36 individuals, 15 F: 21 M. (44 in 2019).
- Captured 4 additional bears in the Selkirks, including first research adult female in WA.
- Selkirk pop. rate of increase for 1983-2020 was 2.9%.
- 8 of 10 US Selkirk BMUs occupied by females with young.

Goal 2: Enhance transboundary cooperation and coordination of recovery

With assistance from SCYE partners...

- British Columbia hair snag sampling and camera work continued.
- Population estimate from both sides of the border expected in 2022.
- Kootenai Tribe of Idaho working with sister tribes in Canada (conservation and trans-boundary issues).

IGBC Questions of the SCYE

Q: What do you see as the most important things the Subcommittee needs to work together on in 2022?

A: Minimize human-caused mortality; sanitation / I&E in non-traditional areas to get ahead of expanding bear populations.

Q: What do you want the Executive Committee to know about your work? A: Above and beyond the excellent collaboration, we have 2 very engaged tribes on our subcommittee; and they have repeatedly asked how tribes might be represented at IGBC executive level.

Q: Is there any specific direction that it would be helpful to get from the Executive Committee?

A: How, and to what extent, to start facilitating bears outside of RZs, especially for linkage?