

# Predicted Habitat Selection and Movement Corridors for Grizzly Bears in Western Montana

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Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Biological Conservation

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## Grizzly bear habitat selection across the Northern Continental Divide Ecosystem

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Biological Conservation 279 (2023) 109940



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## Grizzly bear movement models predict habitat use for nearby populations

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# Motivation

- **Understand spatial behavior**
  - Habitat use
  - Range expansion
  - Potential for connectivity





A photograph of a brown bear standing in a field of green shrubs, looking to the right. The bear is the central focus, with its head turned slightly towards the right. The background is a dense forest of green trees and shrubs, creating a natural, outdoor setting. The lighting is soft, suggesting a misty or overcast day.

# Approach

- **Develop movement models**
  - Integrated step selection functions (iSSFs)
  - Model for each individual
- **Test hypotheses**
- **Identify predictive models**
- **Simulate movements**



A photograph of a brown bear standing in a field of green shrubs. The bear is facing right, looking towards the horizon. The background is a dense forest of green trees. The image is slightly faded on the right side to accommodate the text.

# NCDE Data

- **GPS collars, 2003 – 2021**
  - May – Nov
  - 3-hour fix rate
  - 47 females
    - >59,000 fixes
  - 20 males
    - >16,000 fixes



A photograph of a brown grizzly bear standing in a field of green shrubs, looking to the right. The bear is the central focus, with its head turned slightly towards the right. The background is a dense forest of green trees and shrubs, creating a natural, wild environment. The lighting is soft, suggesting a misty or overcast day.

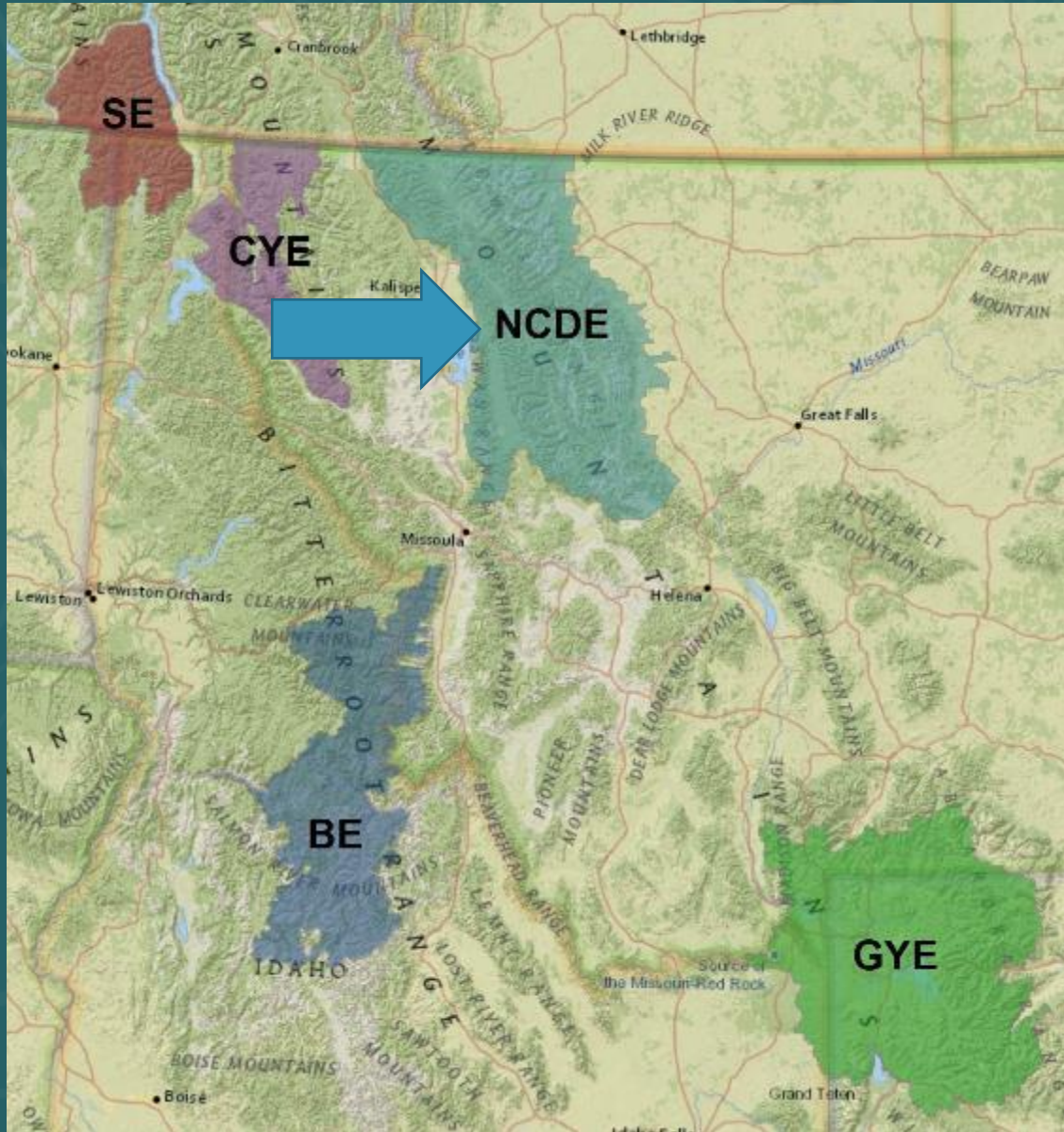
# Hypotheses

- **Grizzly bears select habitat with:**
  - > food availability to maximize fitness
  - < ruggedness to reduce energy expenditure
  - > forest & riparian areas for security, thermal regulation, & food
  - < building density to avoid humans
  - < distance to secure habitat\* to avoid humans
- **Generally true, with extensive individual variation**

\* USFWS: areas > 500 m from roads on federal, state, & tribal lands



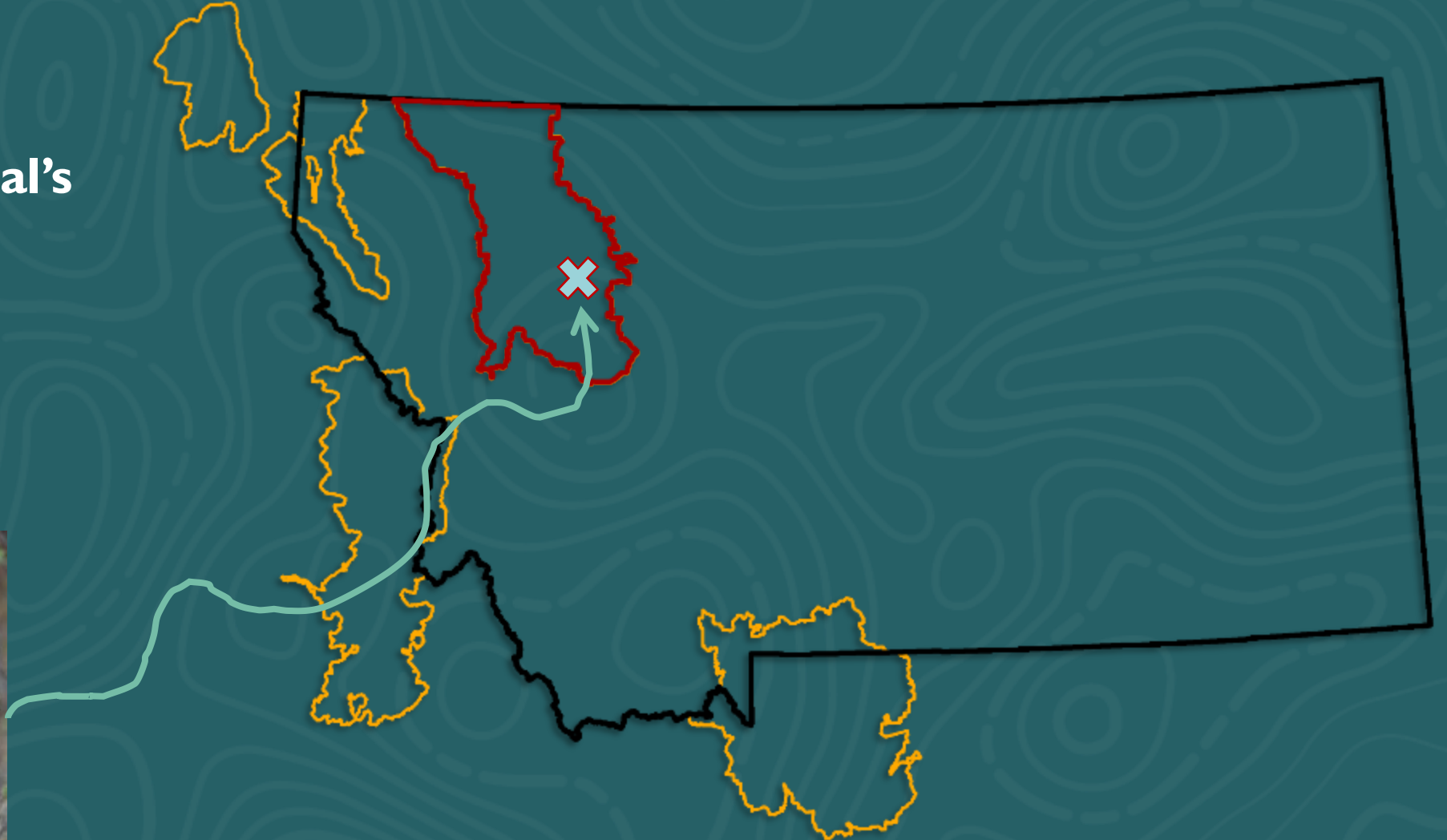
# Model Application: Phase 1



- Simulate for NCDE
- Evaluate predictive accuracy

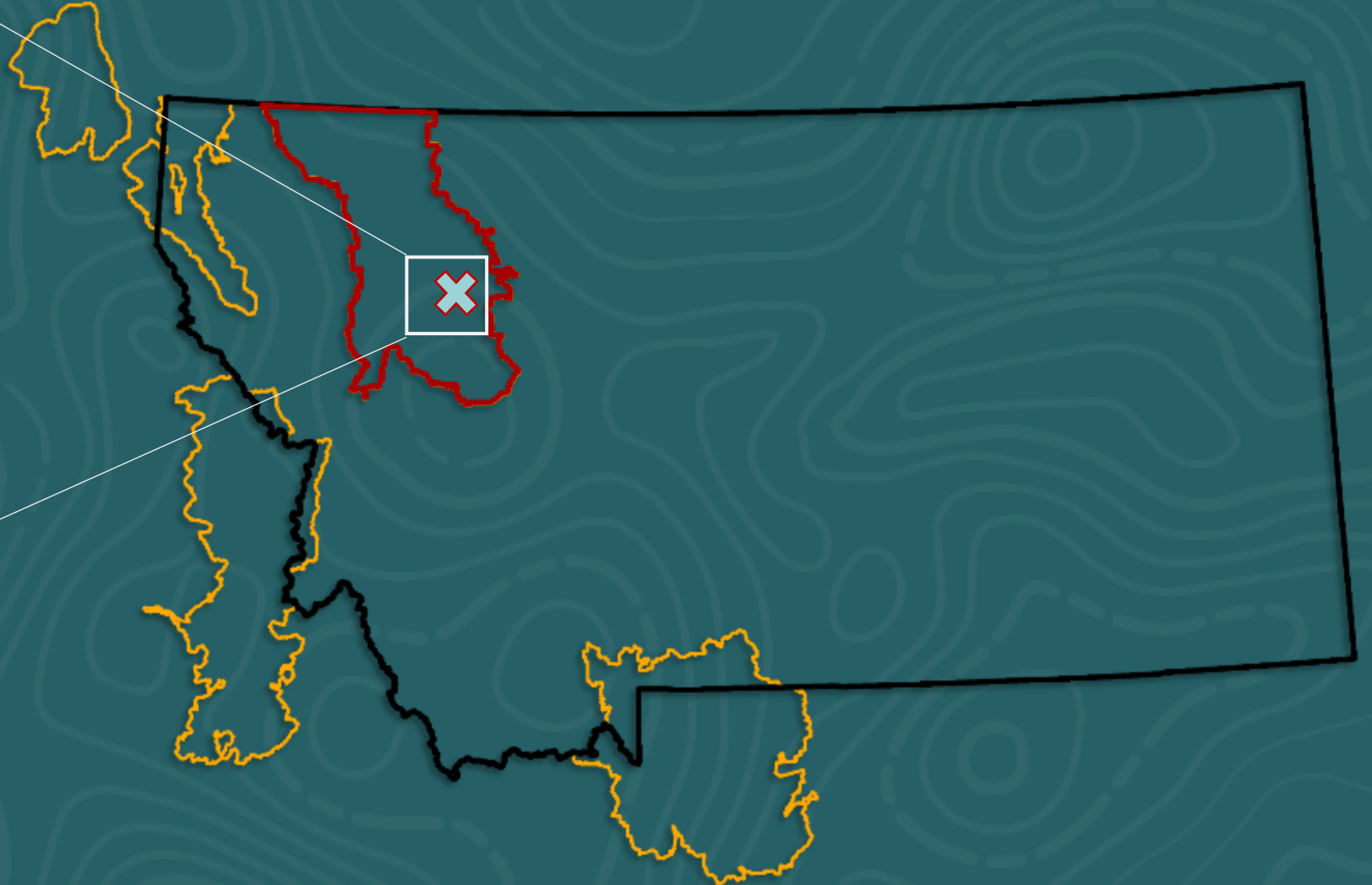
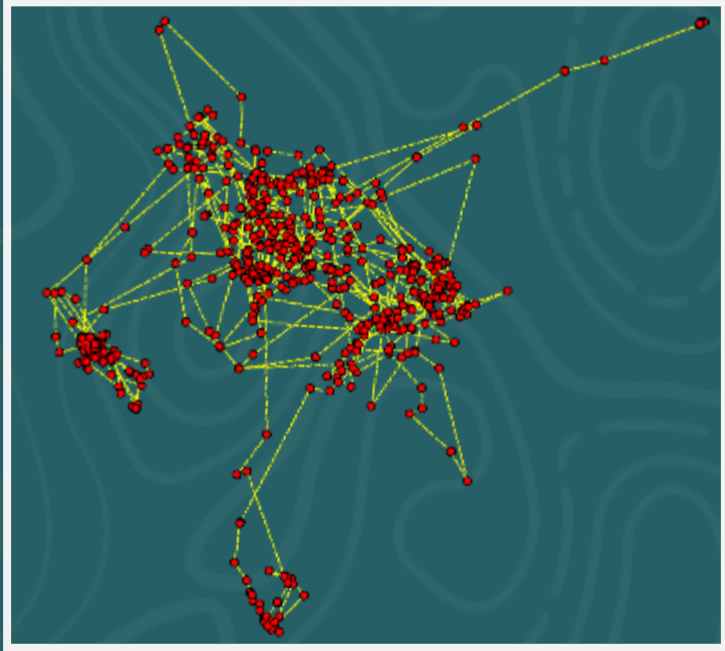
# Simulating Spatial Behavior

- Simulate individual's movements





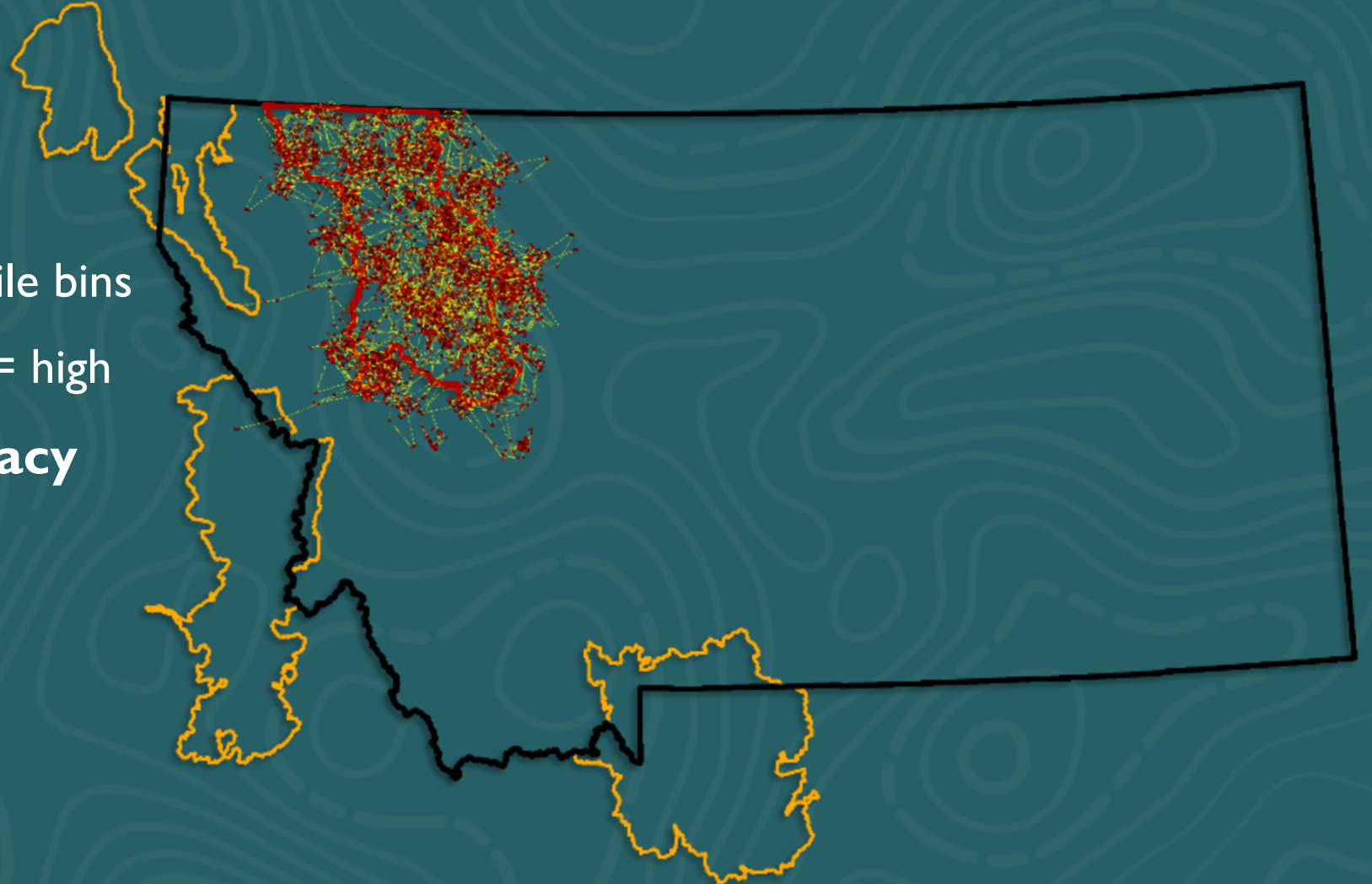
# Simulating Spatial Behavior





# Simulating Spatial Behavior

- Repeat
- Summarize results
  - # of steps/cell  $\rightarrow$  10 quantile bins
  - iSSF class: 1 = low use, 10 = high
- Assess predictive accuracy

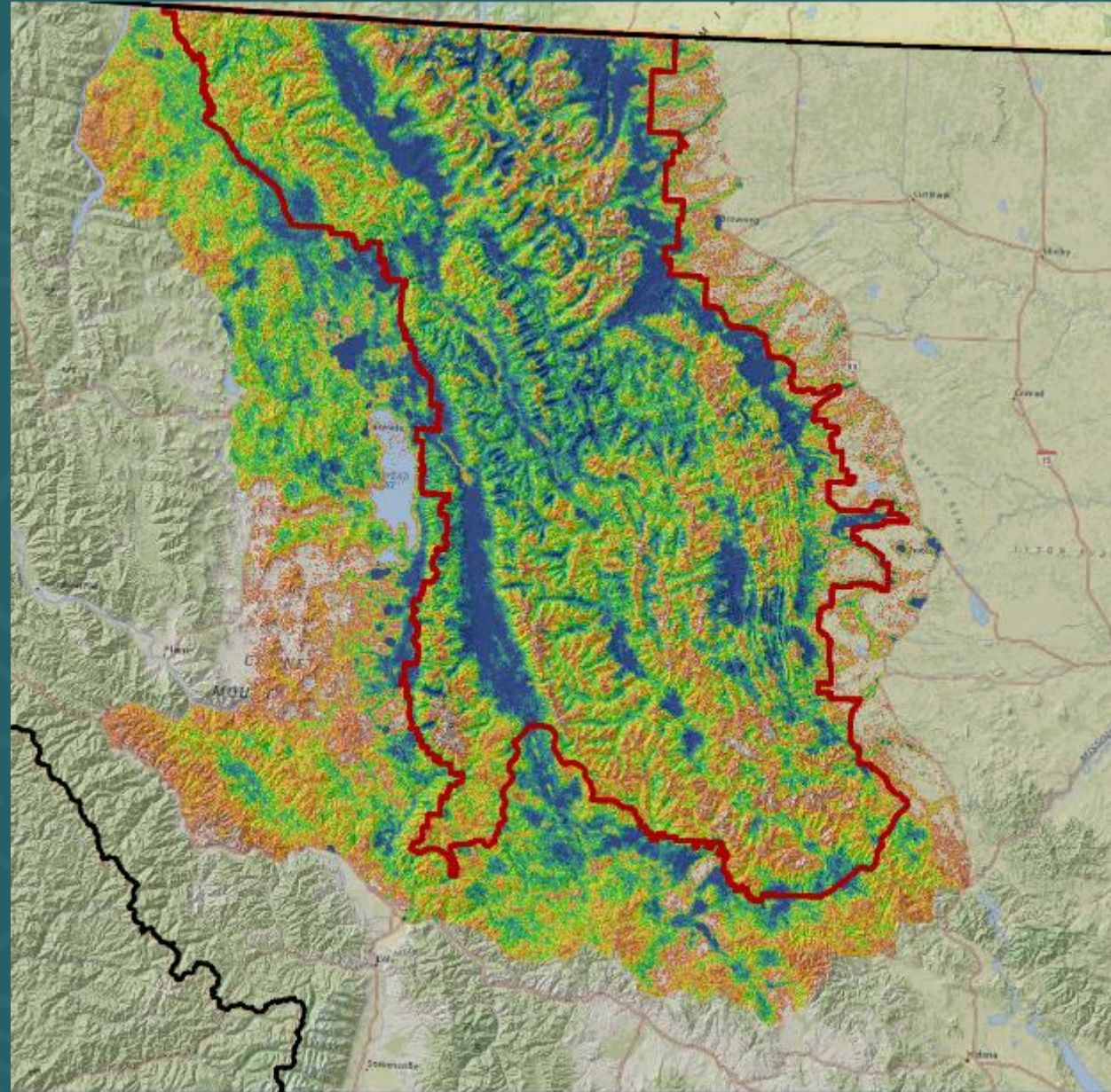
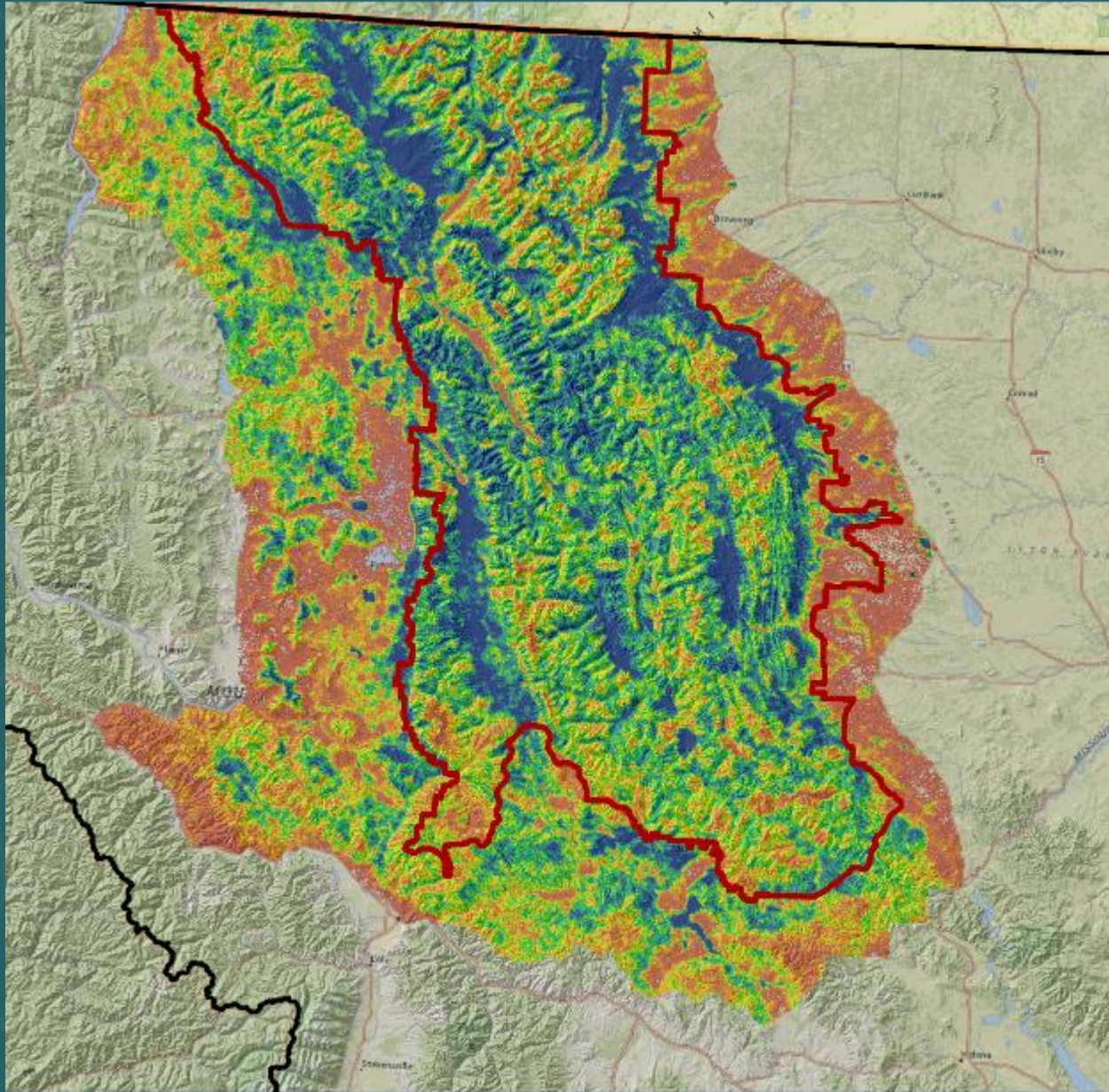




**Females**

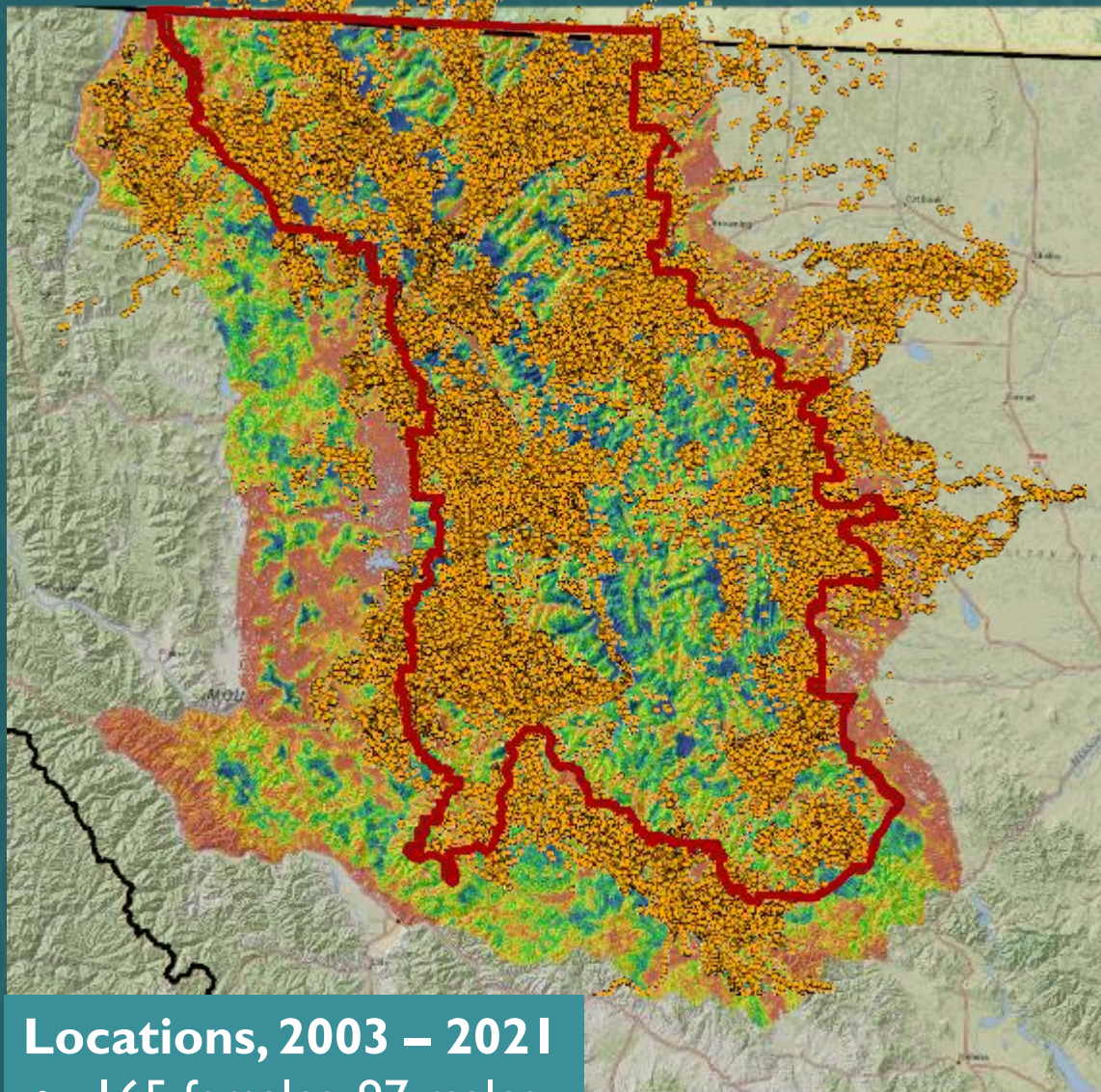
Low iSSF Class High

**Males**





Low iSSF Class High

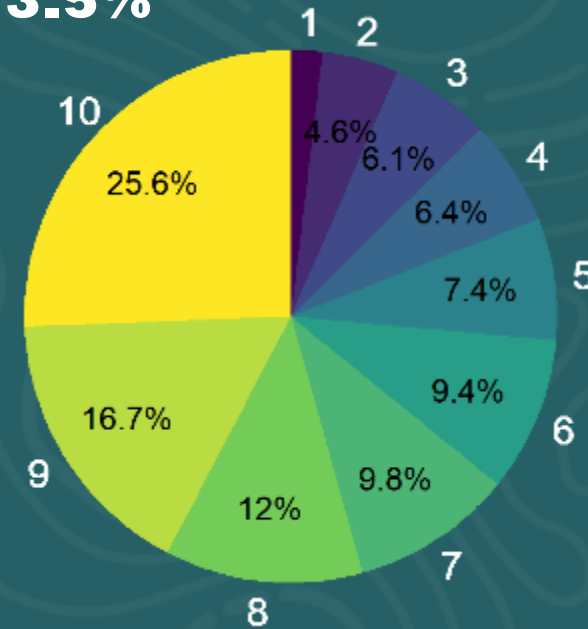


### Locations, 2003 – 2021

- 165 females, 97 males
- >377,000 fixes

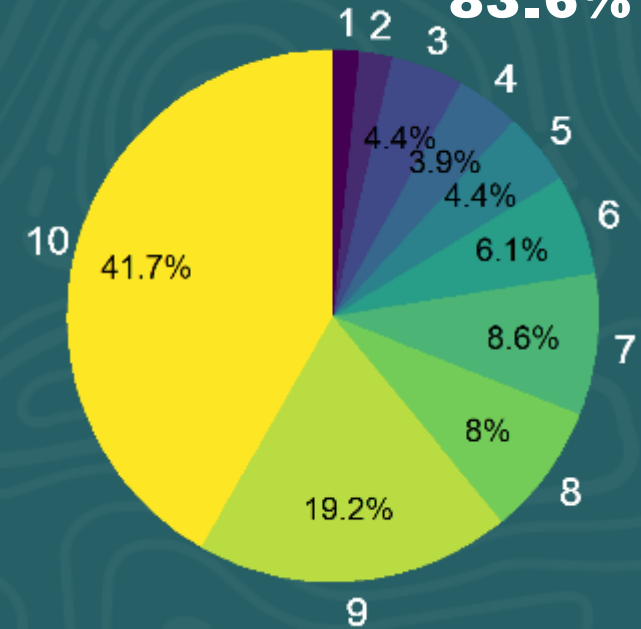
### Females: % fixes per class

73.5%



### Males: % fixes per class

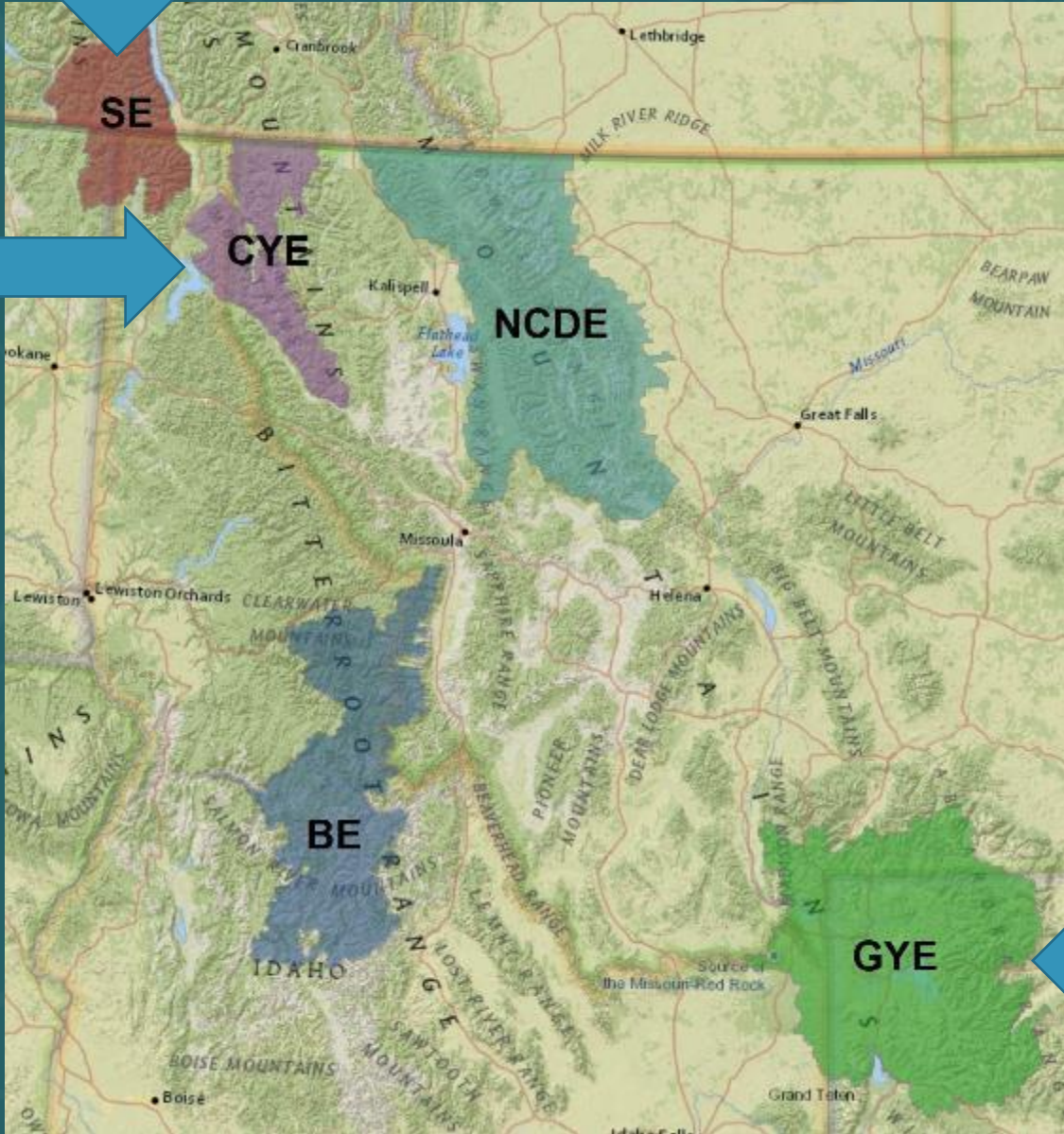
83.6%



**Highly predictive across season & years**



# Model Application: Phase 2



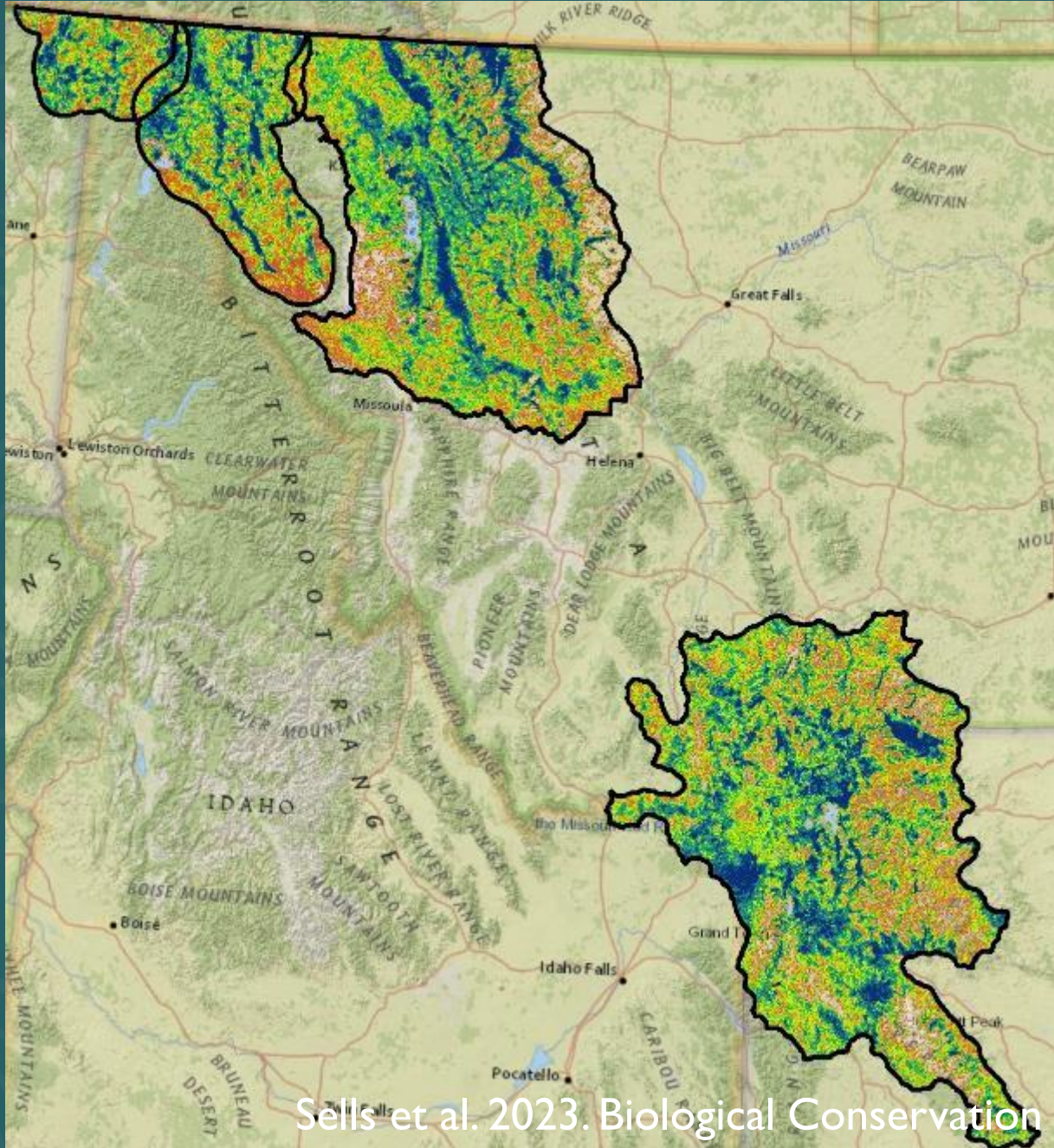
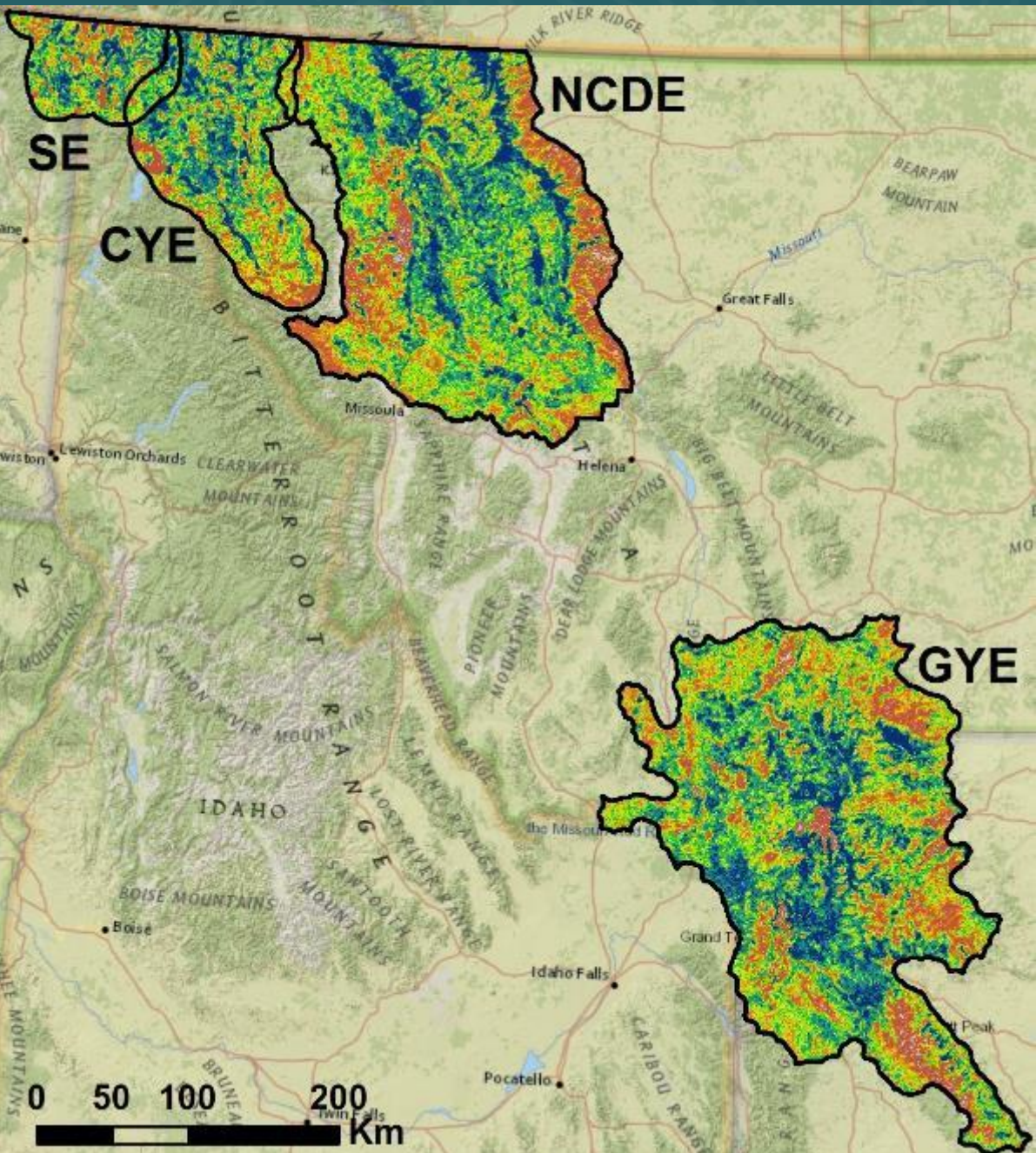
- Simulate for other populations
- Evaluate transferability of results



Females

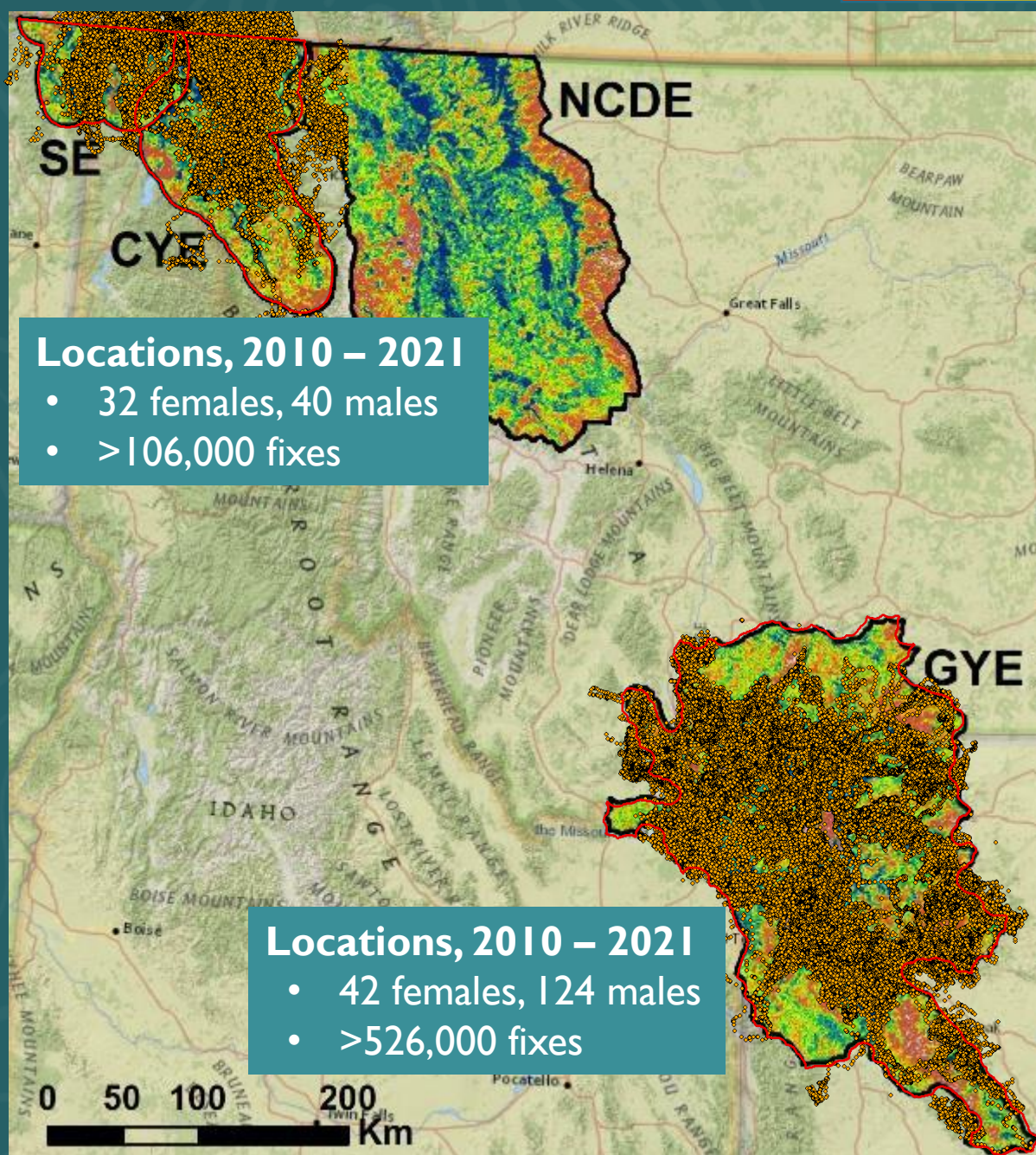
Low iSSF Class High

Males

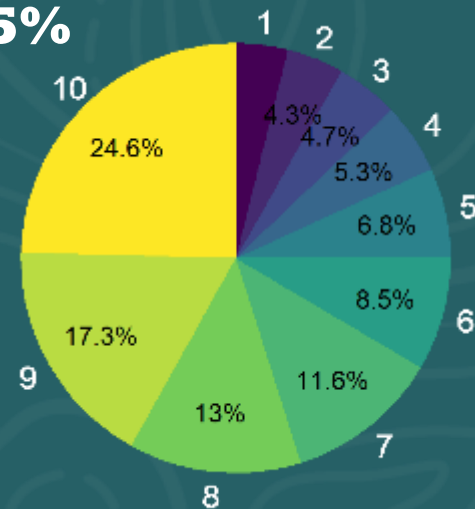




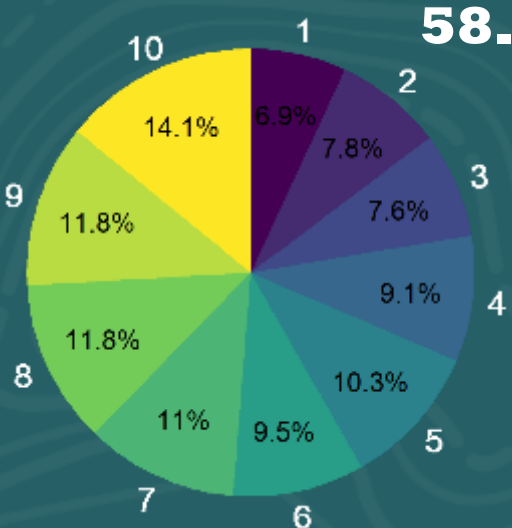
Low iSSF Class High



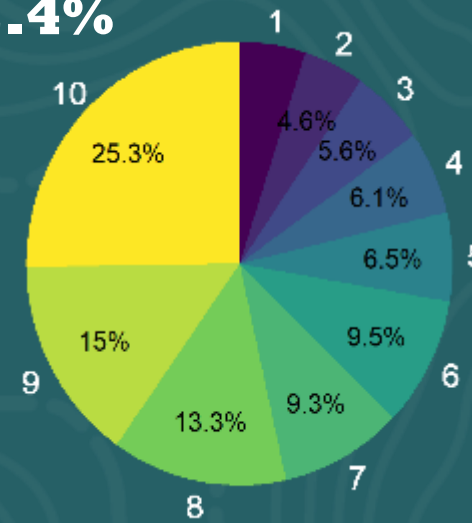
**SE/CYE Females:**  
**75%**



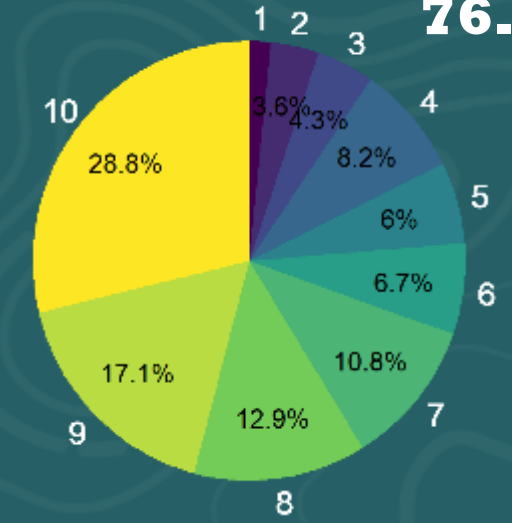
**SE/CYE Males:**  
**58.2%**



**GYE Females:**  
**72.4%**

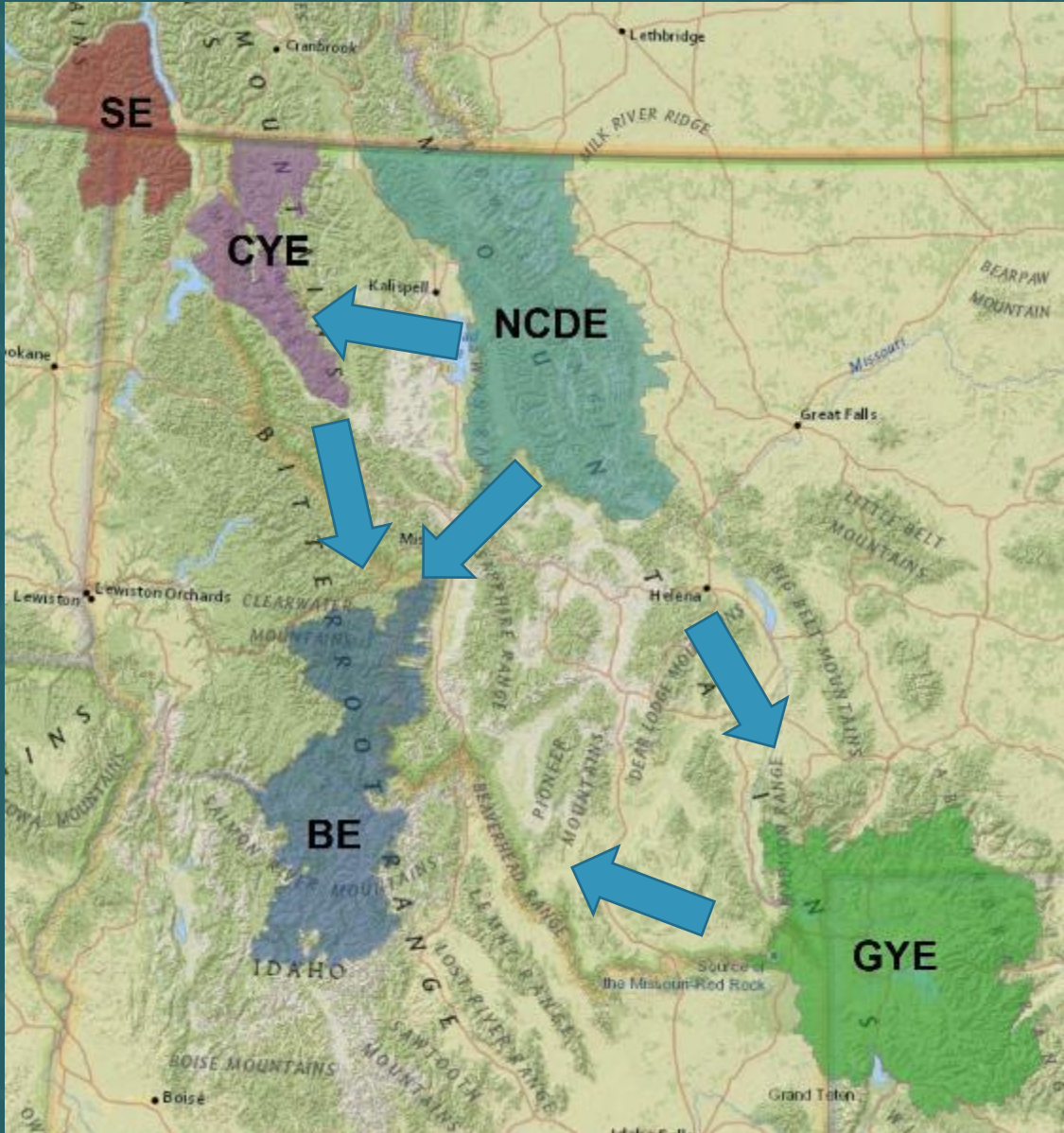


**GYE Males:**  
**76.3%**





# Model Application: Phase 3

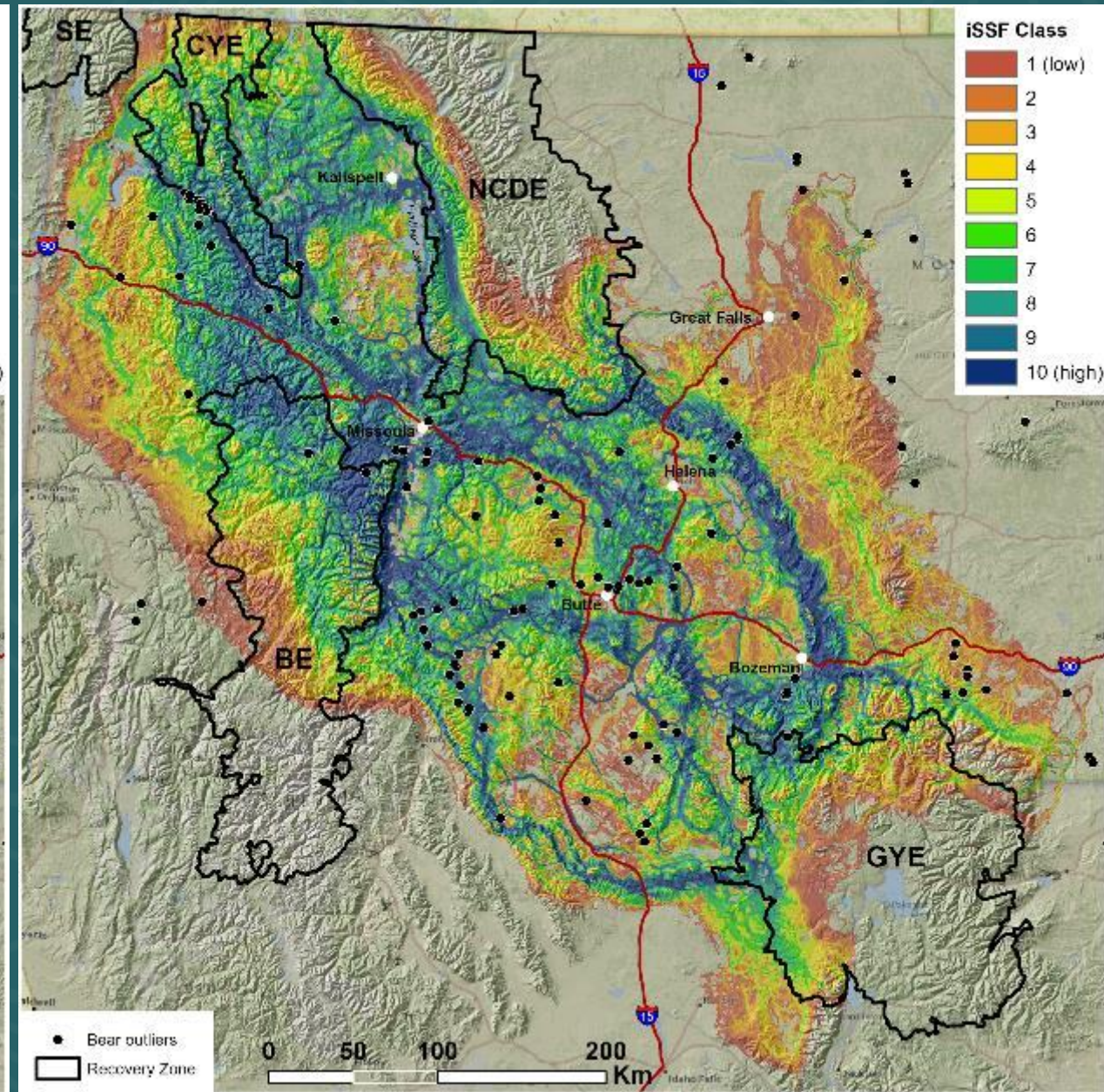
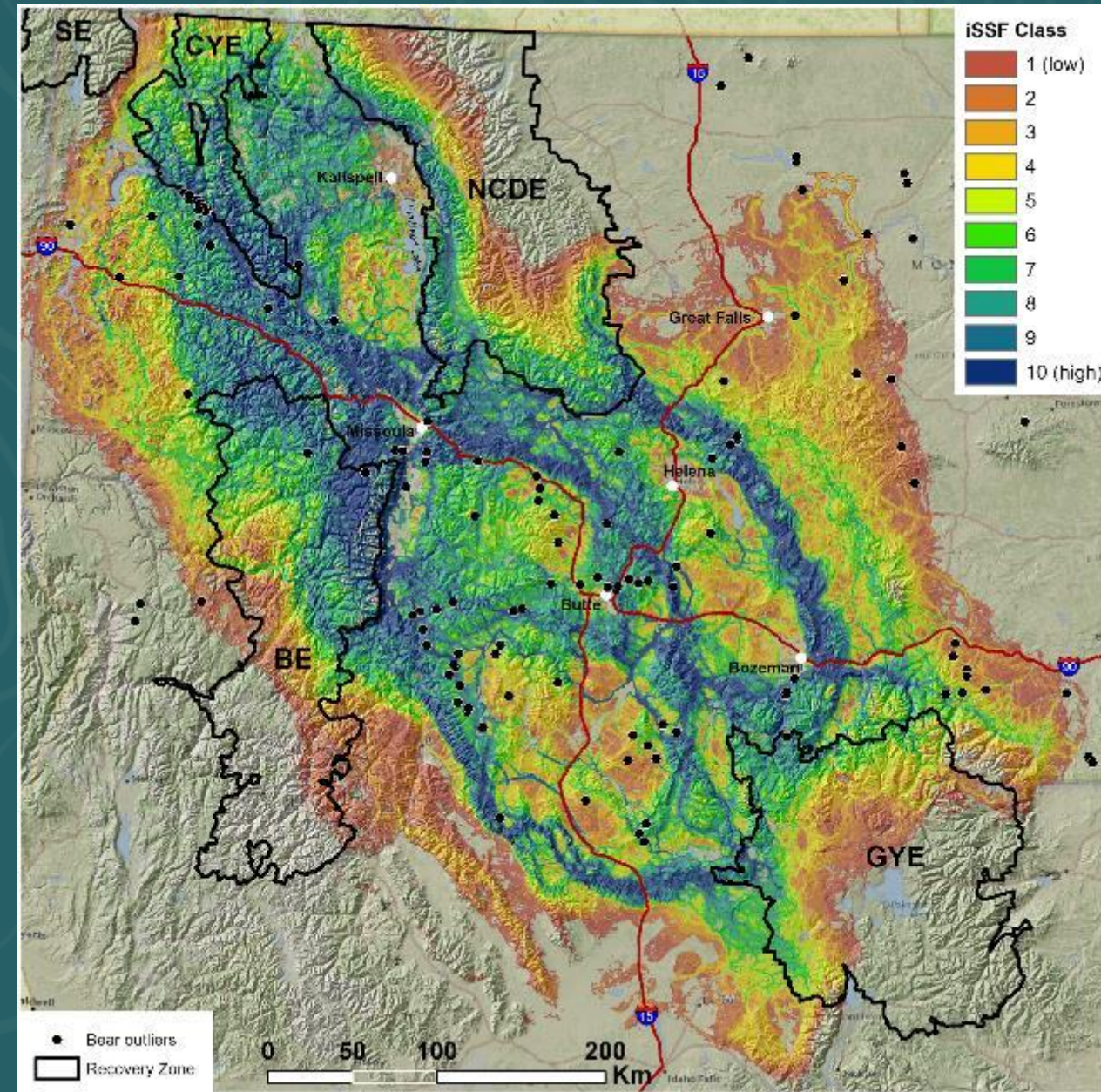


- **Simulate directed connectivity paths**
  - Start & end nodes
  - Randomized shortest paths
- **Simulate undirected connectivity path**
  - Start nodes only
  - 5,000 steps (~3 active seasons)



# Females

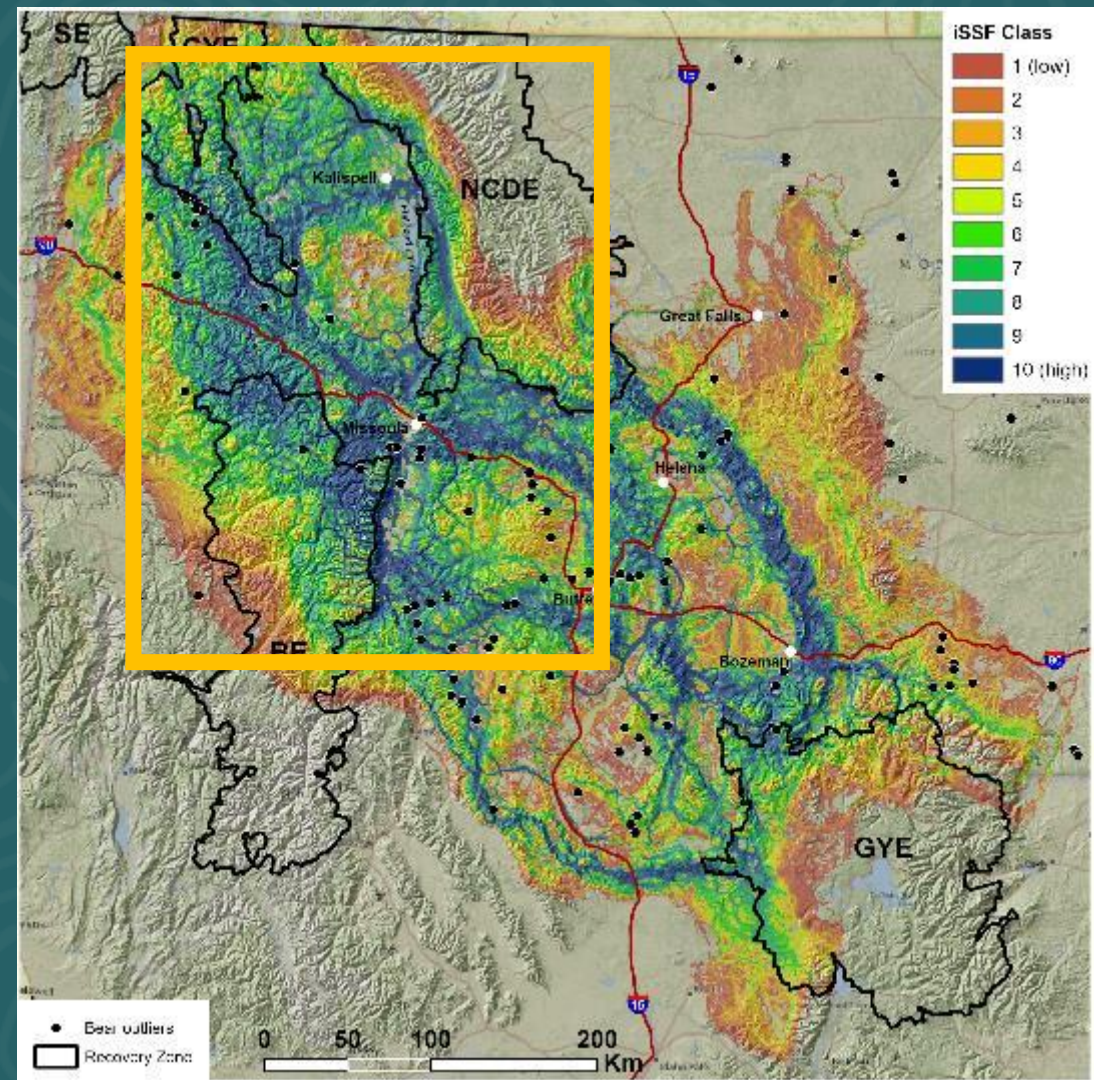
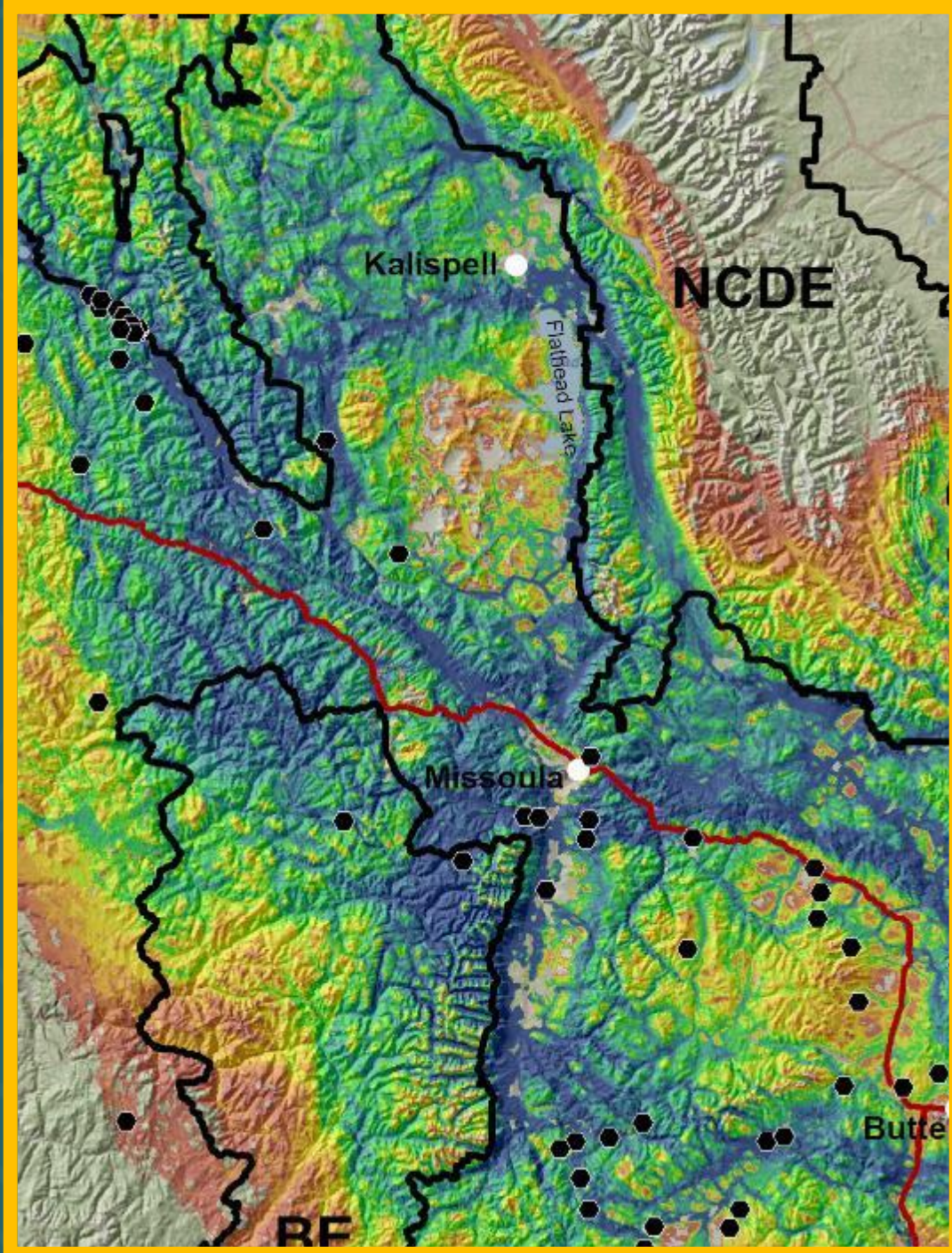
# Males



\*Draft results – do not publish

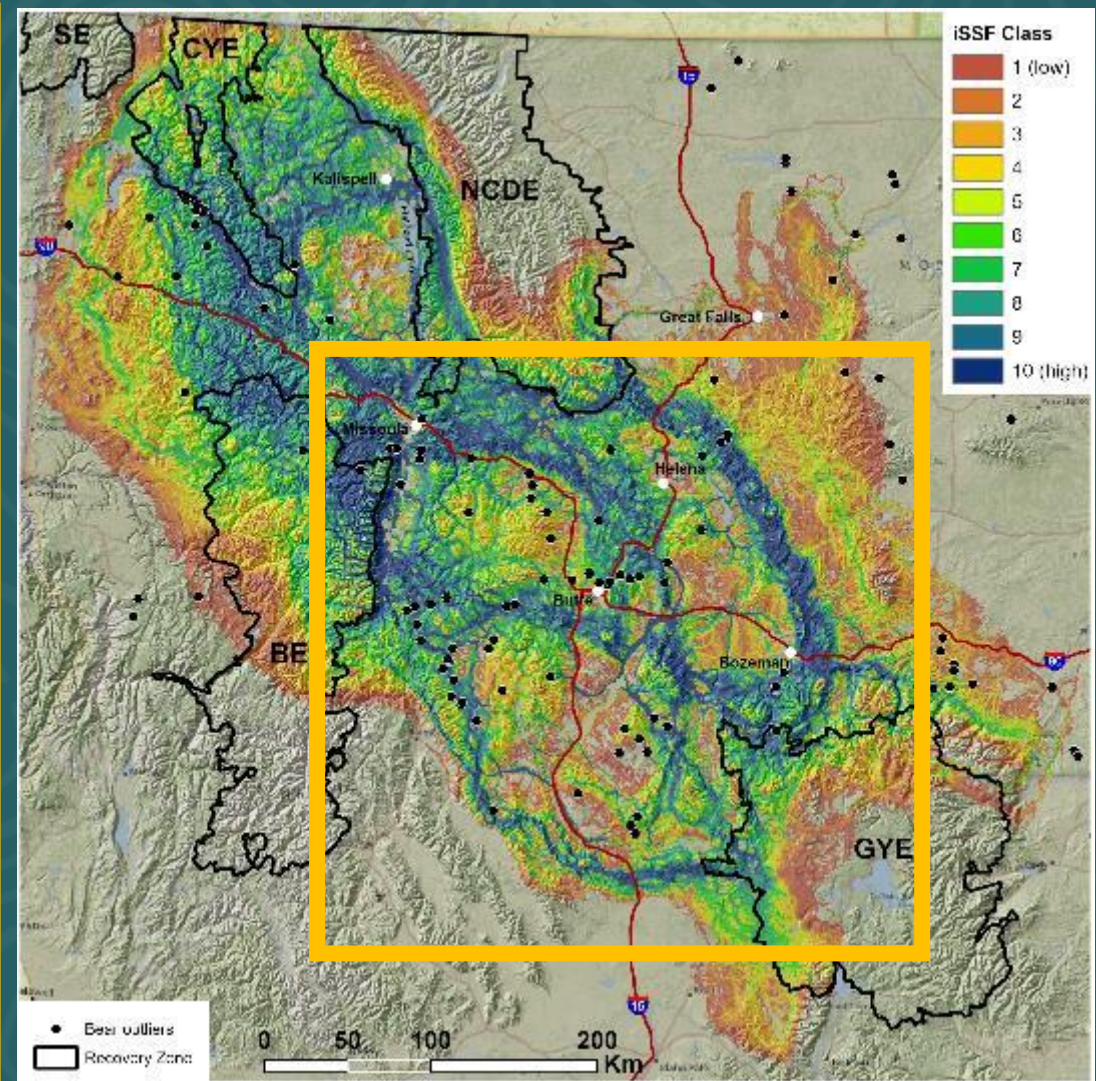
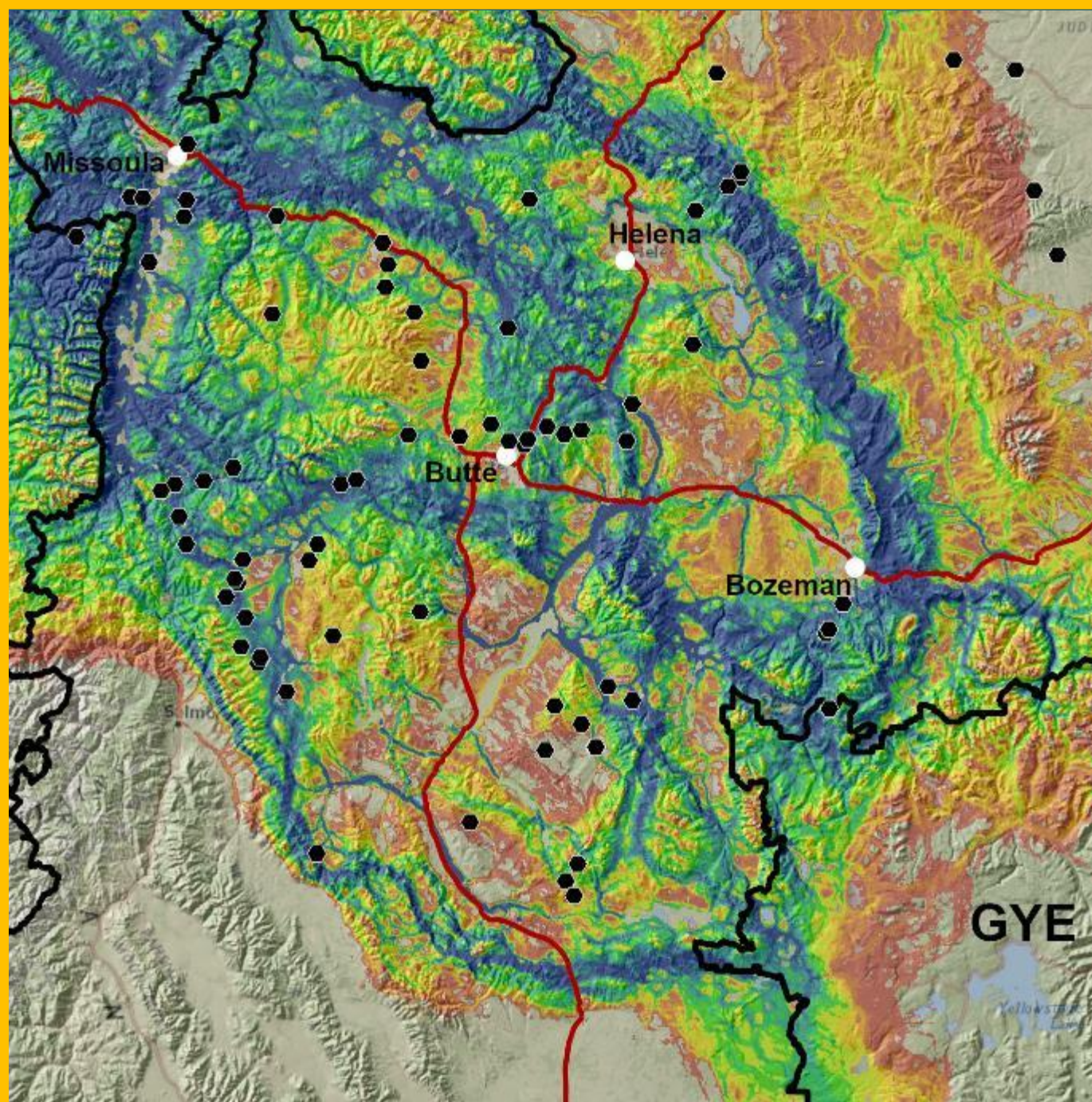
Sells et al. In review. Biological Conservation





\*Draft results – do not publish

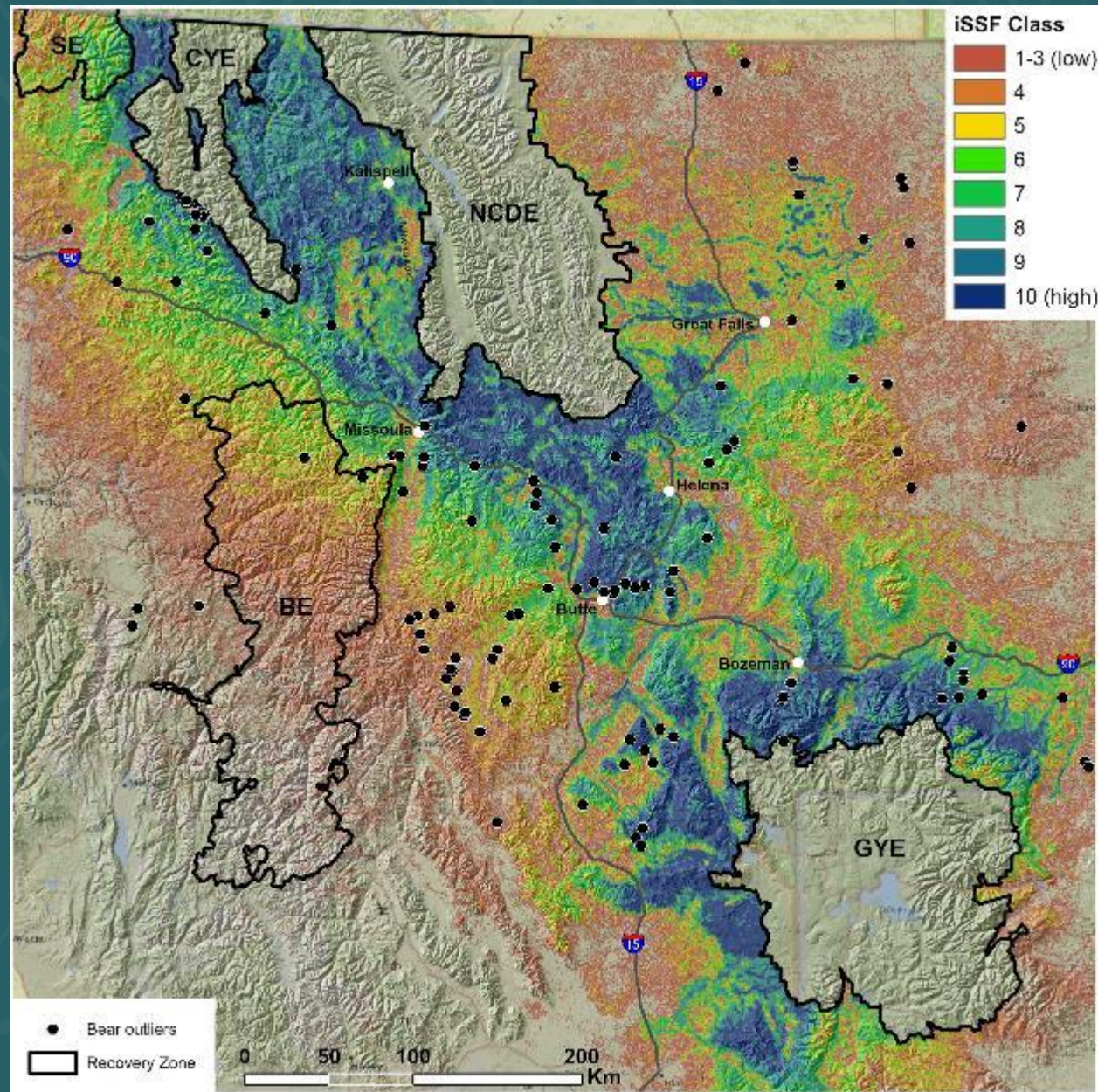




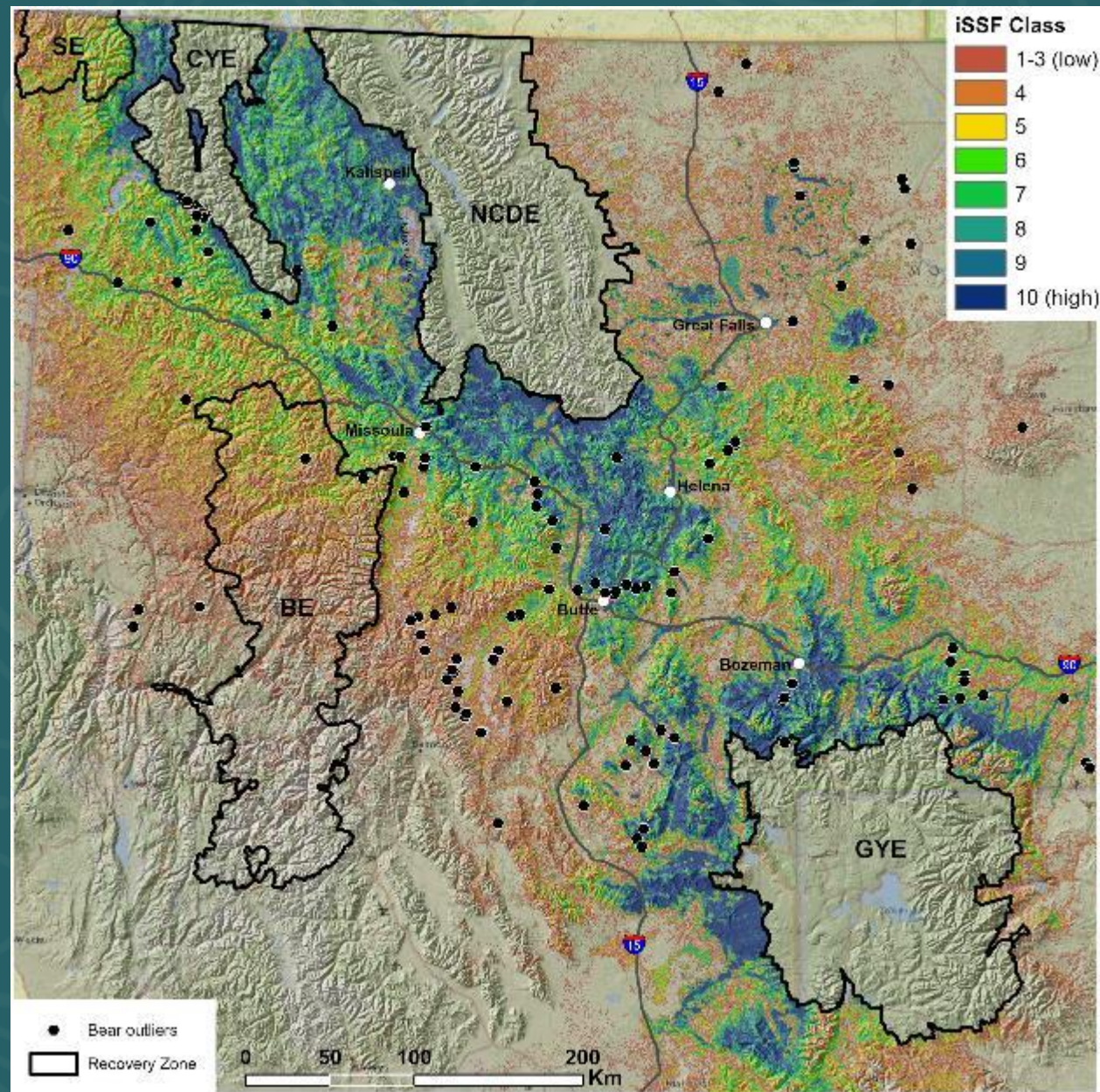
\*Draft results – do not publish



# Females



# Males



\*Draft results – do not publish

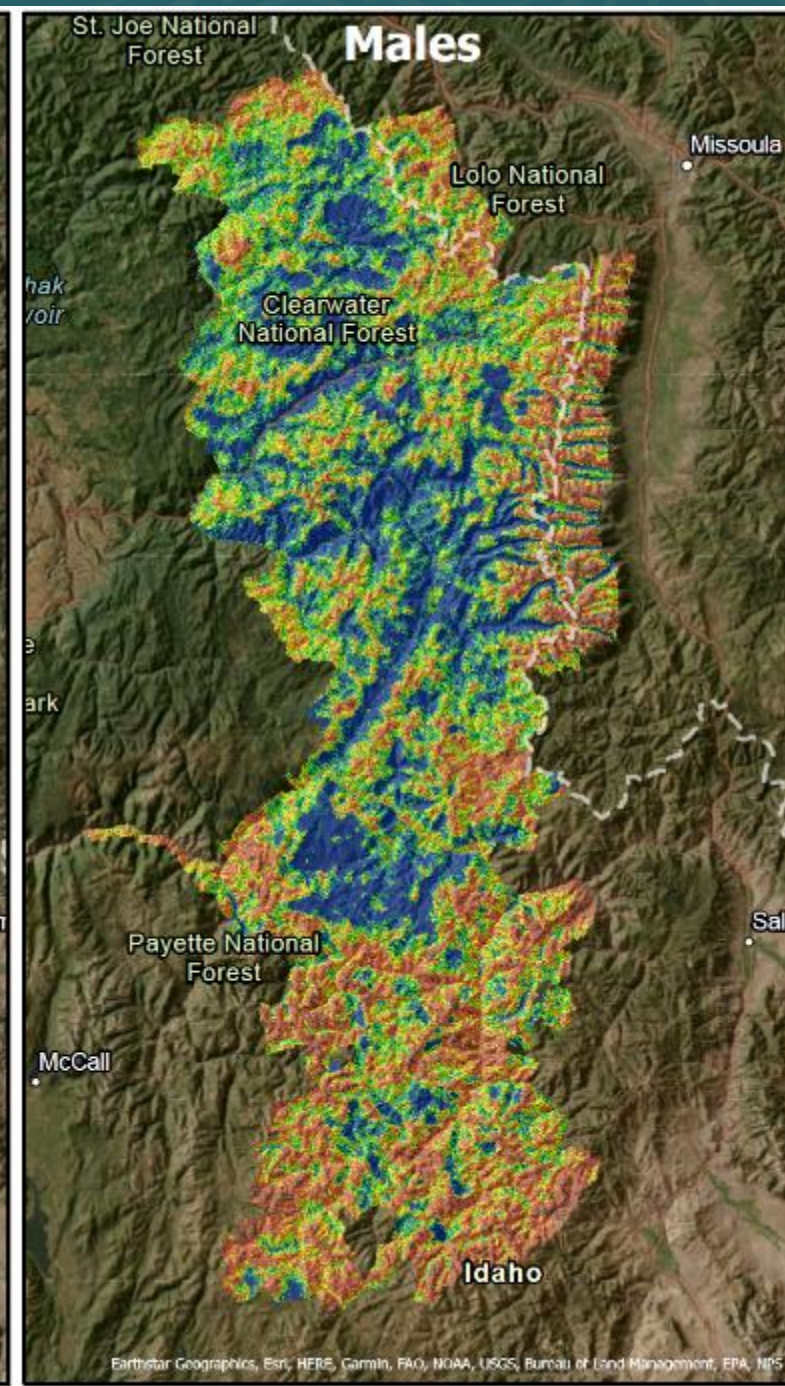
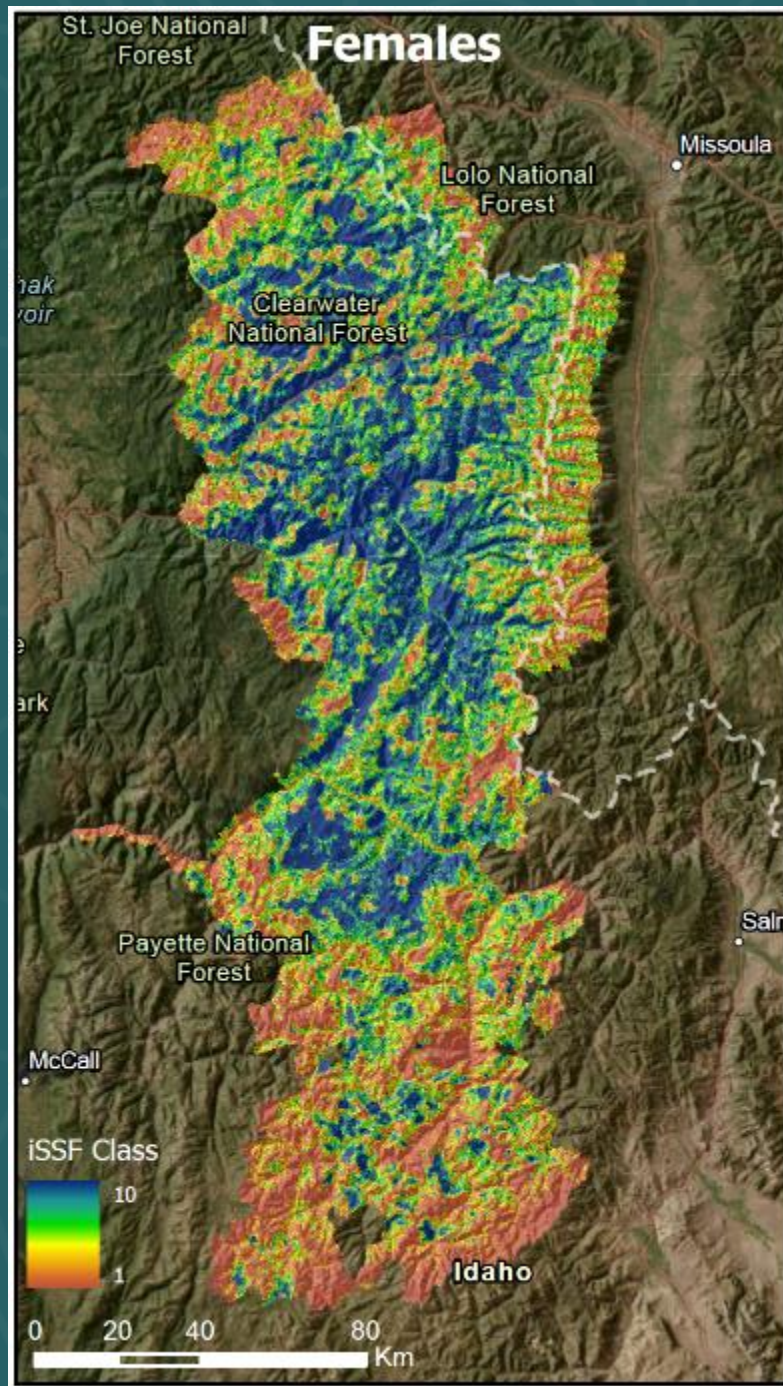




# Next Steps

- **External predictions**
  - Model NCE & BE
- **Model home ranges**
  - Understand range expansion





\*Draft results –  
do not publish





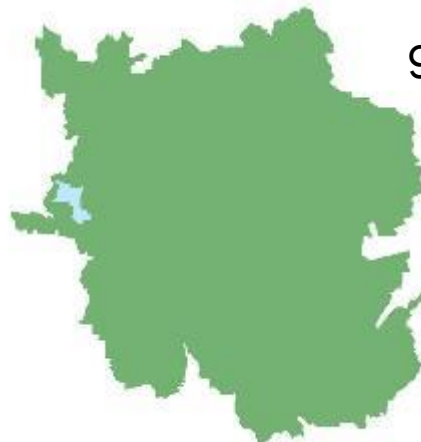
# Application

- **Decision-making, e.g.,**
  - Conservation strategies
  - Habitat management
  - Monitoring design
- Remember this is movement model, not residency model

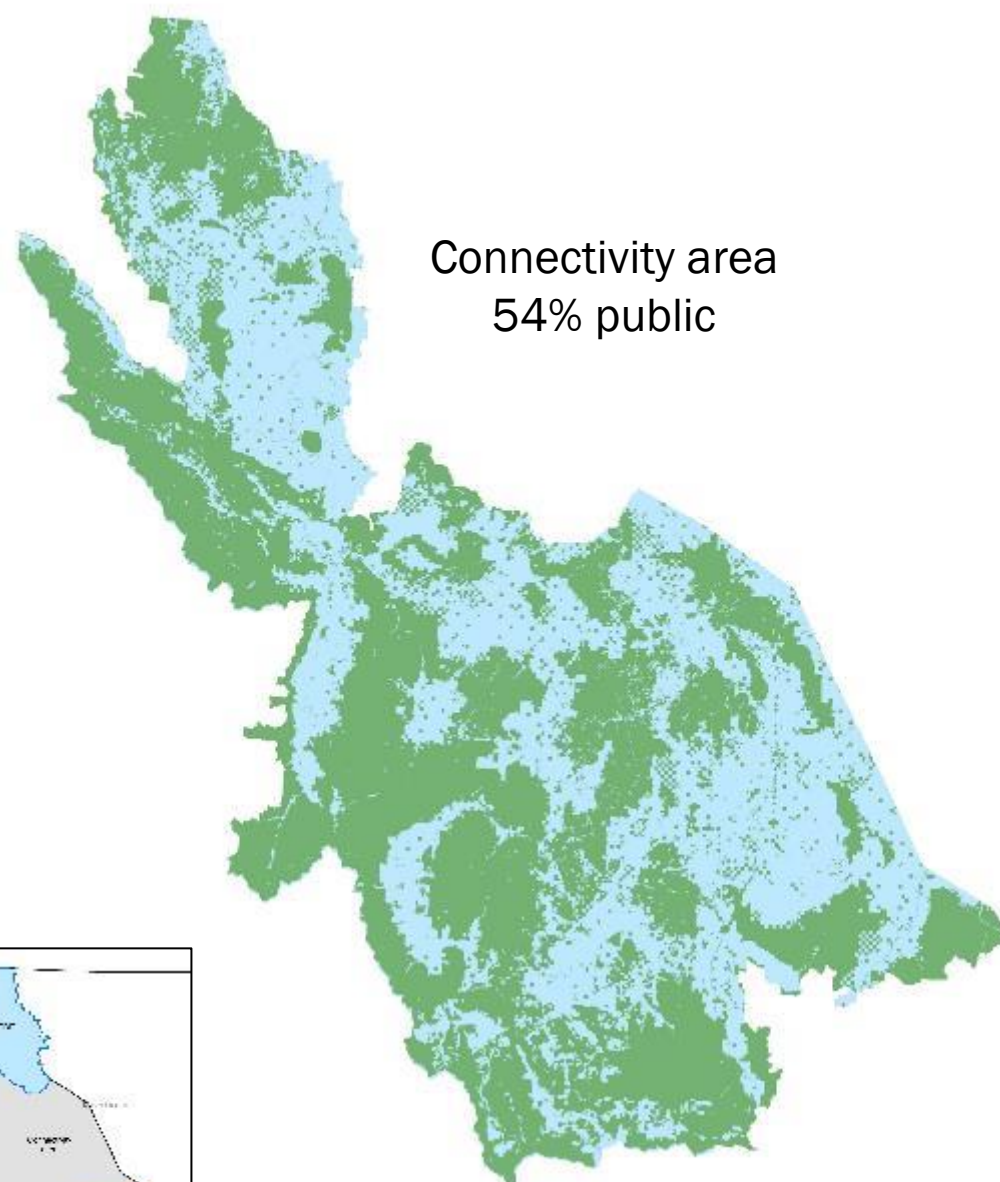




NCDE  
>84% public



GYE  
98% public



Connectivity area  
54% public

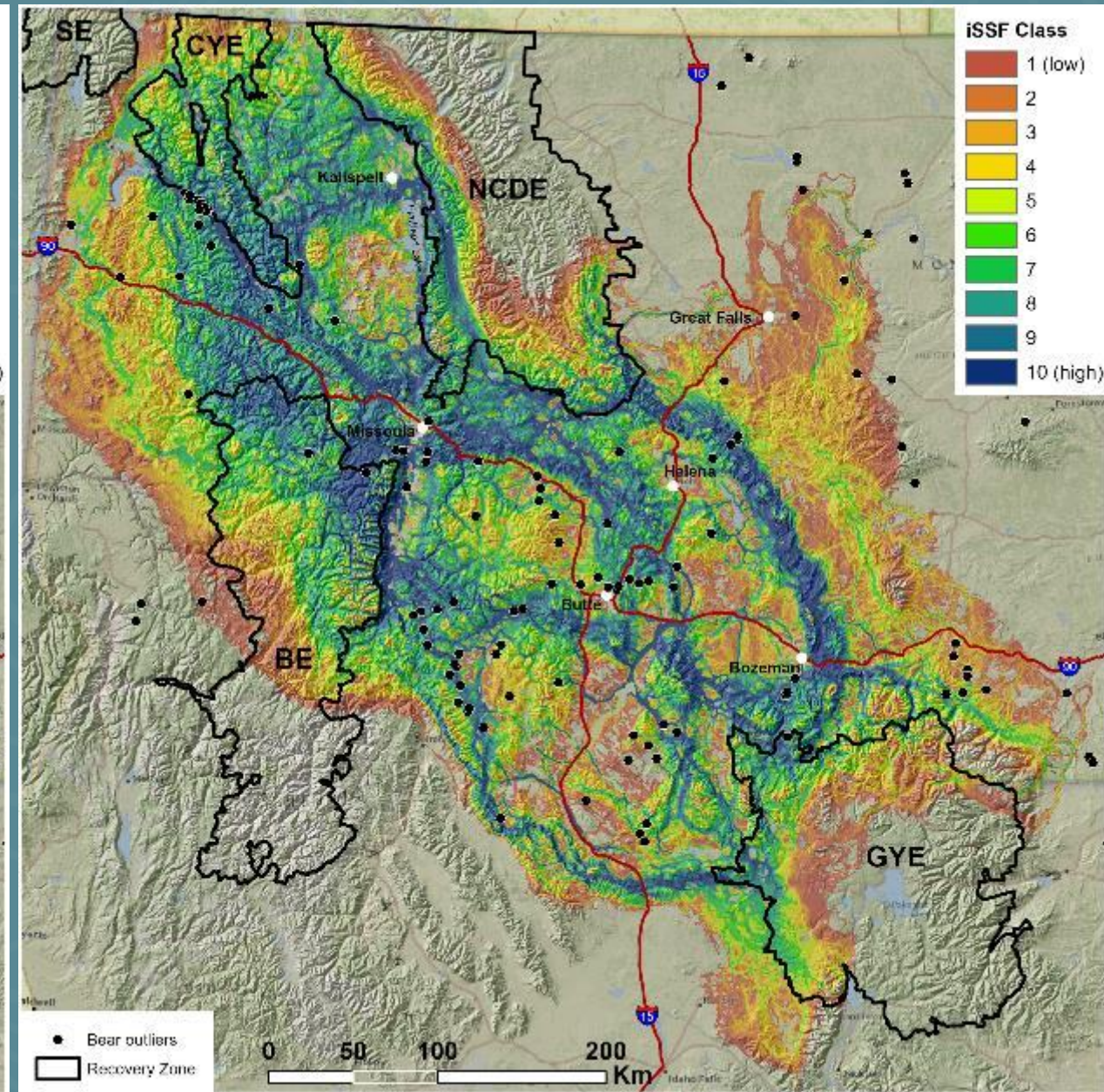
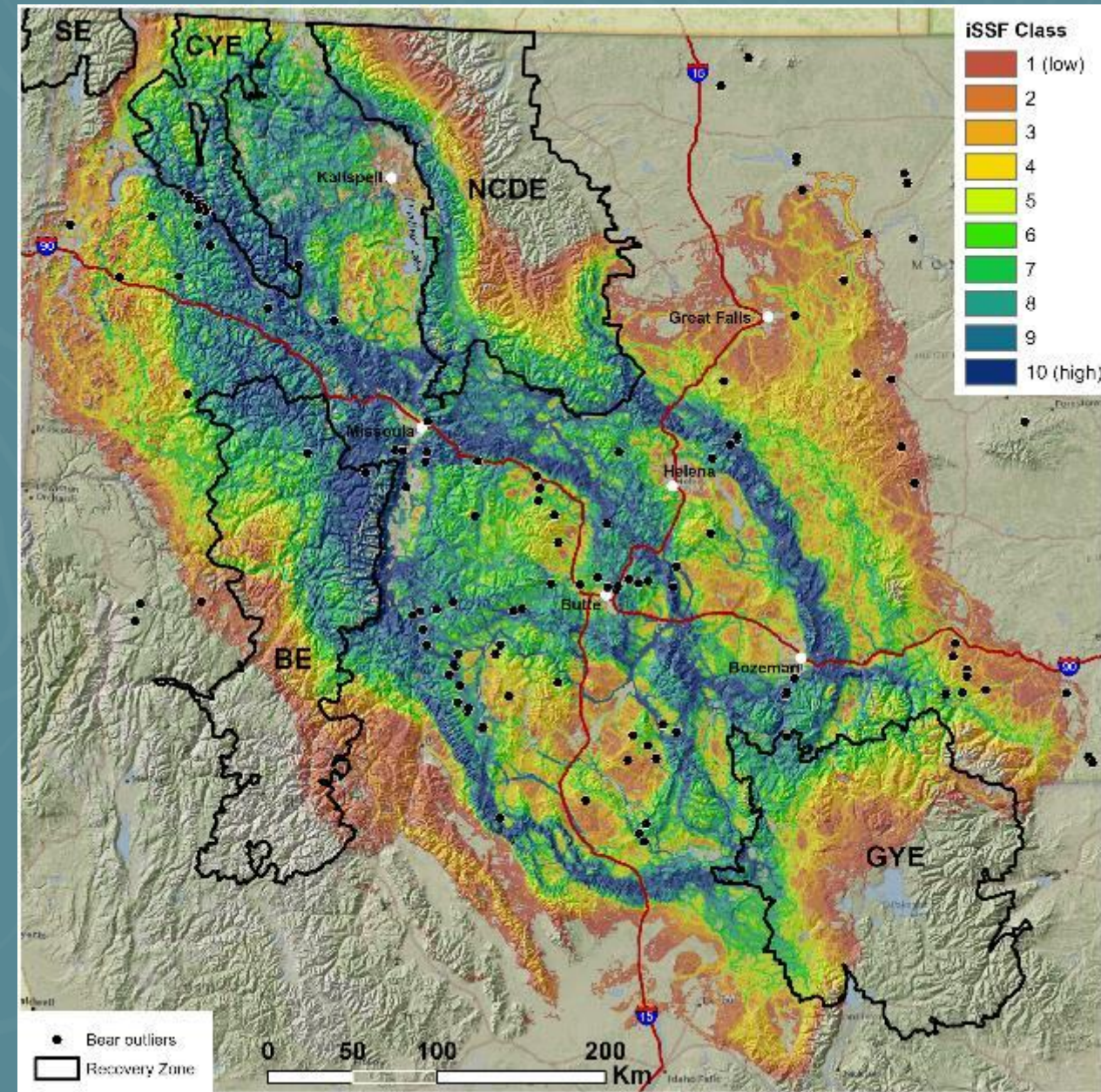
0 12.5 25 50 75 100 Miles





# Females

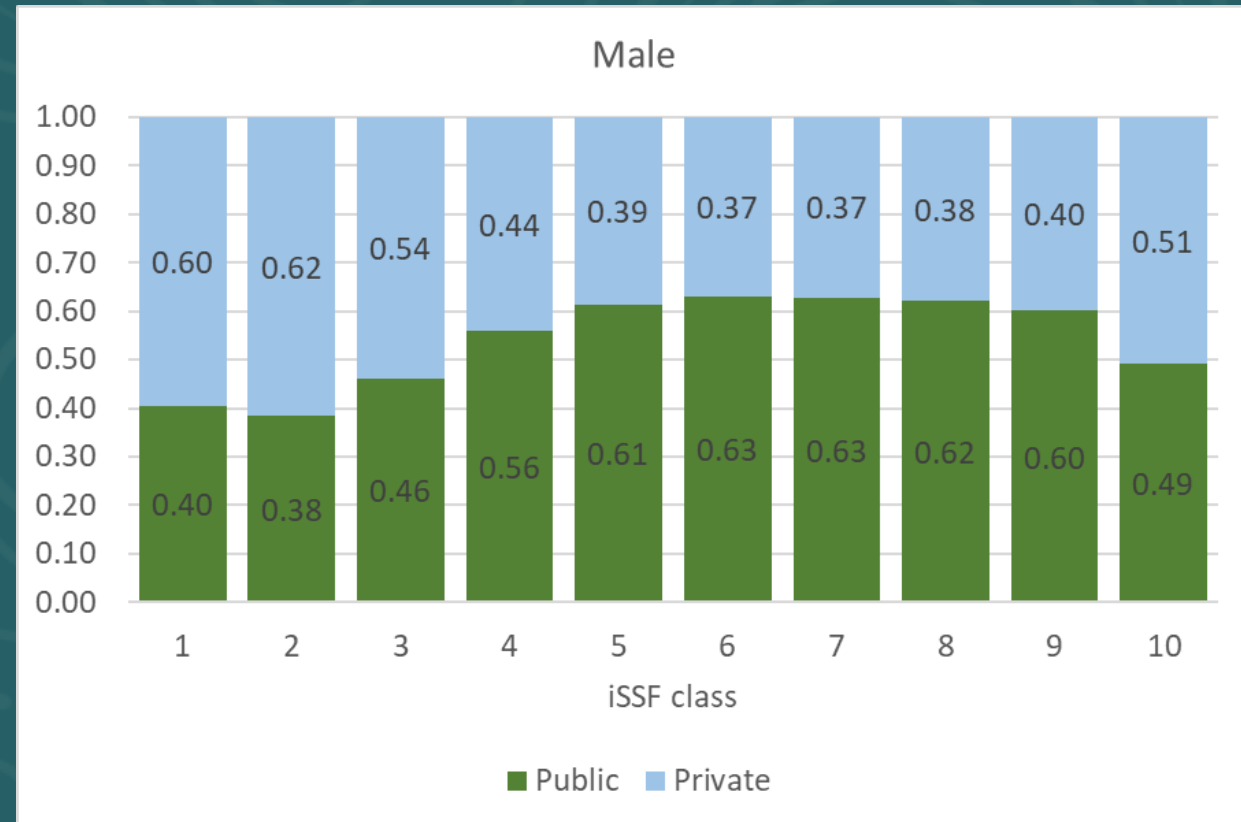
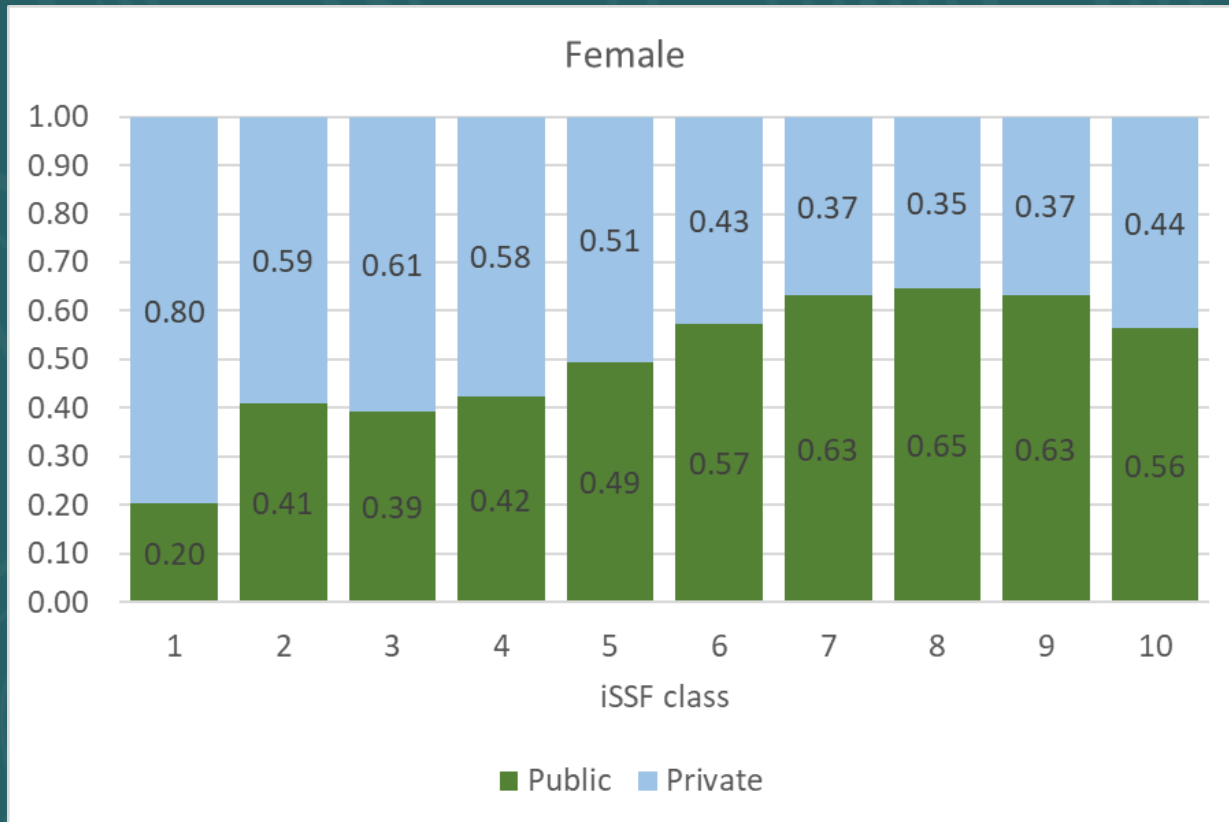
# Males



\*Draft results – do not publish

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A word cloud of bear management strategies on a topographic map background. The words are arranged in a circular pattern, with larger words in the center and smaller words towards the edges. The colors of the words vary, including shades of blue, green, yellow, and orange.

Engagement Deterrents  
Livestock compensation Bear safety workshops  
Private land conservation easements  
Mortality management Education  
Public habitat management  
Homeowner outreach Management removals Temporary closures  
Carcass composting  
Incentive programs Hunter education  
Conflict response  
Bear resistant infrastructure  
Securing attractants  
Garbage management  
Monitoring and science Law enforcement  
Bear spray training Hunter bear ID training  
Food storage orders  
Relocation Electric fencing  
Bear Smart Communities Ordinances  
Highway crossings Carcass removal



## Funding

MFWP & USGS

## Acknowledgements

We thank researchers and managers who contributed to making this work possible, including biologists and technicians whose effort to collar grizzly bears provided the data for this work over the past 20 years.

Special thanks also to Justin Gude, Hilary Cooley, Jennifer Fortin-Noreus, Wayne Kasworm, Justin Teisberg, Tom Radandt, Frank van Manen, Mark Haroldson, Dan Bjornlie, & Mike Mitchell.

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